



## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1	Fund's Information	265
2	Report of the Director of the Management Company	266
3	Report of the Fund Manager	279
4	Trustee Report to the Unit Holders	281
5	Independent Auditor's Report to the Unit Holders	282
6	Statement of Assets and Liabilities	283
7	Income Statement	284
8	Statement of Other Comprehensive Income	285
9	Statement of Movement in Unit Holder's Fund	286
10	Cash Flow Statement	287
11	Notes to and Forming Part of the Financial Statements	288
12	Pattern of Units Holding by Size	308
13	Performance Table	309

### **FUND'S INFORMATION**

Management Company MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited

Adamjee House, 2nd Floor, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

Board of Directors Mr. Haroun Rashid Chairman

Mr. Nasim Beg Vice Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Director
Mr. Kashif A. Habib Director
Mirza Qamar Beg Director
Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Director
Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Director

 Audit Committee
 Mirza Qamar Beg
 Chairman

 Mr. Nasim Beg
 Member

Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Member Mr. Kashif A. Habib Member Syed Savail Meekal Hussain Member

Human Resource &Mirza Qamar BegChairmanRemuneration CommitteeMr. Nasim BegMemberMr. Ahmed JahangirMemberSyed Savail Meekal HussainMember

Ms. Mavra Adil Khan Member Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Member

Chief Executive Officer Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem

Chief Operating Officer & Chief Financial Officer

hief Financial Officer Mr. Muhammad Asif Mehdi Rizvi

Company Secretary Mr. Altaf Ahmad Faisal

Trustee Digital Custodian Company Limited

4th Floor, Pardesi House, Old Queens Road,

Karachi, Pakistan Ph: (92-21) 32419770 Fax: (92-21) 32416371 Web: www.digitalcustodian.com

Bankers MCB Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

Bank Al-Falah Limited United Bank Limited Allied Bank Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited Zarai Traqiati Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited

Auditors A. F. Ferguson & Co.

Chartered Acountants

(A Member Firm of PWC Network)

Sate Life Building 1-C I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

Legal Advisor Bawaney & Partners

3rd & 4th Floor, 68 C, Lane 13, Bukhari Commercial Area

Phase VI, D.H.A., Karachi

Transfer Agent MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited

Adamjee House, 2nd Floor I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.

Rating AM1 Asset Manager Rating assigned by PACRA

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Dear Investor,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present Pakistan Cash Management Fund's accounts review for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **Economy and Money Market Review**

Fiscal year 2022 (FY22) remained a difficult year for Pakistan as the country faced multiple challenges on macroeconomic front along with political uncertainty. While the economy weathered the Covid challenge relatively well, reopening of global economies and supply chain disruptions stimulated a spike in global commodity prices increasing pressure on trade deficit. Russia- Ukraine war pushed the commodity prices even further, exacerbating the already widening trade deficit with highest ever import bill during the year. A spike in energy and food prices coupled with a weak exchange rate led to a sharp pickup in domestic inflation. Commodity price led Inflationary trends were also visible in global economies particularly US and Eurozone and consequent tightening has raised fears of a broader recession.

Pakistan's economy was already coping with macroeconomic challenges and the political upheaval further aggravated the situation. The elevated political noise led to populist measures like fuel and power subsidies undermining the much needed fiscal adjustments. In addition, an unscheduled change of country's leadership and ensuring political uncertainty led to delay in policy actions and adjustments needed for IMF program.

The country posted a current account deficit of USD 15.2bn in 11MFY22 compared to a deficit of USD 1.1bn in the corresponding period last year. This was the largest CAD since FY18, when country witnessed a deficit of USD 15.9bn in first eleven months of the fiscal year. The deterioration came in primarily on the back of higher imports which grew by 36.5% in 11MFY22 compared to export growth of 26.7%. Trade Deficit increased by 45.5% to USD 36.1bn compared to USD 24.8bn in the same period last year. The unprecedented increase in imports mainly came from historic high prices of our commodity basket including crude oil, palm oil, coal coupled with one time vaccines imports.

Foreign exchange reserves of central bank declined by USD 7.4bn in FY22 on account of higher current account deficit and debt repayments. In addition, delay in IMF program led to slowdown in other foreign inflows which dragged the reserves to USD 9.8bn, implying an import cover of 1.7 months. These outflows coupled with widening current account deficit led PKR to weaken by 23.0% against USD since start of the fiscal year.

Inflation remained highly concerning as rising commodities continued to create challenges for policy makers. Headline inflation represented by CPI averaged 12.1% in FY22 compared to 8.9% in FY21. The rise mainly came from higher food prices, elevated energy costs (both electricity and fuel) and second round impact of PKR depreciation, which kept the prices of imported commodities high. Core inflation as measured by Non Food Non Energy also depicted an upwards trend with an increase of 12.3% in June 2022 compared to 6.9% in June 2021. Expectations of above 20% in the next fiscal year along with weak fiscal framework, led SBP to increase policy rate by a cumulative 625bps to 13.75% in the fiscal year to counter inflationary pressures and slowdown the overall aggregate demand. It further increased policy rate by 125 basis points to 15% in July-22.

On the fiscal side, FBR tax collection increased by 29.1% in FY22 to PKR 6,125bn compared to PKR 4,744bn during the same period last year. This exceeded the target by 25bn. The improved tax collection was primarily on the back of higher customs duty and sales tax collected due to higher imports.

Secondary markets yields have increased significantly in FY22 as SBP started the monetary tightening cycle. The depreciation in the rupee along with persistently high energy prices will add pressure to inflation and we expect average inflation numbers to remain elevated in medium term.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Bond yields for tenors of 3 years, 5 years and 10 years witnessed a rise of 4.5%, 3.4% and 3.0%, respectively during the period.

#### **FUND PERFORMANCE**

During the period under review, the fund generated an annualized return of 10.87% as against its benchmark return of 9.28%.

The fund's exposure remained majorly tilted towards Cash at the quarter-end due to attractive rates offered by the commercial banks.

The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 stood at Rs. 5,705 million as compared to Rs. 3,119 million as at June 30, 2021 registering an increase of 82.91%.

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2022 was Rs. 50.4678 which is same as of opening NAV of Rs. 50.4678 per unit as at June 30, 2021.

### **Economy & Market – Future Outlook**

The government has taken several harsh steps including increasing petroleum, electricity and gas prices to meet the IMF prior conditions. It has also increased interest rate to 15% and made changes in the FY23 Budget to targets primary fiscal surplus in FY23. These steps have led to a successful staff level agreement with IMF and should pave the way for the disbursement of USD 1.2bn from the fund under the combined 7th and 8th review of the Extended Fund Facility (EFF). The government was also able to convince IMF to increase funding by USD 1 billion to USD 7 billion and extend the duration till June 2023 compared to September 2022 earlier. IMF program shall provide stability to the external account and provide a window to policy makers requiring continued fiscal discipline and measured trade account policies in the short term while focus on the economic policies that can support sustainable growth in the long term.

Pakistan GDP growth clocked at 6.0% in FY22 with Agricultural, Industrial and Services sector grew by 4.4%, 7.2% and 6.2% respectively. However, we expect GDP growth to sharply decline to a range of 2.5-3.0% in FY23. The monetary tightening and rupee devaluation would lead to slowdown in economy and would impact industrial growth. The government is also focusing on controlling imports to curtail current account deficit which would affect services sector growth.

The international commodities have eased from their recent high but energy prices remain stubbornly high. We expect the government to keep a tight leash on imports and discourage unnecessary dollar outflows. The imports are expected to decrease by 14% YoY to USD 63bn as we will witness volumetric compression in several segments of the economy. Thus we expect the current account deficit to ease to USD 7.6bn (2.0% of GDP) in FY23 compared to expected current account deficit of USD 16.5bn (4.2% of GDP) in FY22.

Successful resumption of the IMF program will be a key prerequisite to keep the financial account in positive zone as we await funding commitment from friendly countries. Sustaining remittances along with bilateral and multilateral flows would also be crucial in managing our external position. USD/PKR is trading in a range of 225-230 due to ensuing political uncertainty and delay in IMF tranche. We expect Rupee to recover post disbursement of IMF tranche along with receipts from friendly countries. We expect however USD/PKR to depreciate by the close of fiscal year to 235.

CPI based inflation for June 2022 clocked at 21.3% on the back of increase in petroleum and electricity prices as the relief measures announced by the previous government were reversed. We will witness the second round impact of currency devaluation and petroleum price increase which will keep inflation elevated for the remainder of the year. We expect FY23 average inflation to clock at 21.8%. SBP increased the policy rate to 15% to slowdown aggregate demand and ward off inflationary pressures. Increasing interest rate to unnecessarily higher level impacts

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

fiscal position and does little to tame cost push inflation. We thus SBP to balance monetary tightening and fiscal costs by maintaining negative interest rates

From capital market perspective, particularly equities, the correction in stock prices has further opened up valuation. The market has priced in the interest rate increase and currency depreciation. Market cap to GDP ratio has declined to 10.1%, a discount of 52% from its historical average. Similarly, risk premiums are close to 8.3%, compared to historical average of 2.2% signifying deep discount at which market is trading. We believe a micro view of sectors and stock will remain important and investment selection should focus on companies which trade at a deep discount to their intrinsic value. The market is currently trading at PER of 4.7x, while offering a dividend yield of 9.5%.

For debt holders, we expect Money Market Funds to continue to seamlessly mirror policy rates throughout the year. On the other hand, government bonds yields may continue to remain at elevated levels given inflationary pressure. We remain cautious at the current levels of bond yields and would continue to monitor the data points to capitalize on opportunities.

### **Mutual Fund Industry Review**

The Net Assets of the open end mutual fund industry increased by about 19.2% during FY22 to PKR 1,214bn. Total money market funds grew by about 43.8% since June 2021. Within the money market sphere, the conventional funds dominated with a growth of about 56.4% to PKR 446bn while Islamic funds increased by 24.1% to PKR 225bn. In addition, the total fixed Income funds increased by about 21.9% since June 2021, as the conventional income funds rose by 27.9% to PKR 161bn. Equity and related funds declined by 23.1% as market witnessed a decline in FY22 eroding AUMS as concern over macroeconomic and geopolitical factors kept investors at bay.

In terms of the segment share, Money Market funds were the leader with a share of around 55.3%, followed by Income funds with a share of 24.6% and Equity and Equity related funds having a share of 18.9% as at the end of FY22.

#### **Mutual Fund Industry Outlook**

Increase in interest rates would encourage higher flows in the money market funds. Recent changes in Finance Act 2023 also incentivize investors to save and invest through Mutual funds. Prevailing yields of near 15% in fixed income funds are ideal for investors with a short term horizon and low risk profile. However recent correction in stock prices has opened up valuations and long term investors would look to add equity exposure at these highly attractive levels. Our operations remained seamless and given our competitive edge due to aggressive investment in digital access and online customer experience, the environment provides an opportunity with growing number of investors available online.

#### **Corporate Governance**

The Fund is committed to implement the highest standards of corporate governance. The Board comprises of eight (8) members including the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and has a diverse mix of gender and knowledge. The Board consists of 1 female and 7 male directors, categorized as follows:

- 4 Non Executive Directors:
- 3 Independent Directors; and
- 1 Executive Director (CEO).

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The details of above are as under:

Sr. No.	Name	Status	Mem	bership in other Board Committees
1.	Mr. Haroun Rashid	Non-Executive Director		None
2.	Mr. Nasim Beg	Non-Executive Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee; and HR&R* Committee
3.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Non-Executive Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee; and HR&R* Committee.
4.	Mr. Kashif A. Habib	Non-Executive Director	(i)	Audit Committee
5.	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	Independent Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee HR&R* Committee
6.	Mirza Qamar Beg	Independent Director	(i) (ii)	Audit Committee (Chairman); and HR&R* Committee (Chairman).
7.	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Independent Director	(i)	HR&R* Committee `
8.	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Executive Director	(i)	HR&R* Committee

HR&R stands for Human Resource and Remuneration.

Management is continuing to comply with the provisions of best practices set out in the code of corporate governance. The Fund remains committed to conduct business in line with listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange, which clearly defined the role and responsibilities of Board of Directors and Management.

The Board of Directors is pleased to report that:

- a. Financial statements present fairly its state of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b. Proper books of accounts of the Fund have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulations) Rules, 2003, Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, requirements of the respective Trust Deeds and directives issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored with ongoing efforts to improve it further.
- There are no doubts what so ever upon the Fund's ability to continue as going concern. f.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance.
- Outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any have been fully disclosed in the financial statements.
- The statement as to the value of investments of provident/gratuity and pension fund is not applicable on the Fund but applies to the Management Company; hence no disclosure has been made in the Directors' Report.
- As at June 30, 2022, the Company is in compliance with the requirements of Directors' Training Program, as contained in Regulation No. 19 of the Code.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

- k. The detailed pattern of unit holding, as required by NBFC Regulations are enclosed.
- I. A formal and effective mechanism is put in place for an annual evaluation of the Board's own performance, members of the Board and Committees of the Board.
- m. The details of attendance of Board of Directors meeting is disclosed in financial statements. Below are the details of committee meetings held during the year ended June 30, 2022:

### 1. Meeting of the Audit Committee.

During the nine, nine (9) meetings of the Audit Committee were he ld. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

			Number of meetings			
	Name of Persons	Number of meetings held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted	
1.	Mirza Qamar Beg(Chairman)	9	9	9	-	
2.	Mr. Nasim Beg	9	9	9	-	
3.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	9	9	8	1	
4.	Mr. Kashif A. Habib	9	9	6	3	
5.	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	9	9	9	-	

#### 2. Meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.

During the year, five (5) meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

			Number of meetings			
	Name of Persons	Number of meetings	Attendanc e required	Attended	Leave granted	
1.	Mirza Qamar Beg (chairman)	5	5	5	-	
2.	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	5	5	2	3	
3.	Mr. Nasim Beg	5	5	2	3	
4.	Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	5	5	5	-	
5.	Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	5	5	2	3	
6.	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem (CEO)	5	5	5	-	

n. The trades in the Units of the Fund were carried out during the year by Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, and Chief Internal Auditor of the Management Company and their spouses and minor children.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

S. No.	Name	Designation	Investment	Redemption	Dividend Distributio n
3. 140.	Name	Designation	(N	umber of Units)	
1	Mobin Ahmed Siddiqui	Chief Internal Auditor	14.024	14.004	Nil

#### **External Auditors**

The fund's external auditors, **M/s A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants** have expressed their willingness to continue as the fund auditors for the ensuing year ending June 30, 2023. The audit committee of the Board has recommended reappointment of **M/s A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants** as auditors of the fund for the year ending June 30, 2023 and the Board of Directors also endorsed the recommendation of the Audit Committee.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

The Board is thankful to the Fund's valued investors, the Securities and Exchange Commission of sPakistan and the Trustees of the Fund for their continued cooperation and support. The Directors also appreciate the efforts put in by the management team.

On behalf of Directors,

**Muhammad Saqib Saleem** 

Chief Executive Officer August 15, 2022 Nasim Beg

Director and Vice Chairman

# ڈائر کیٹرزر پورٹ

n فنڈ کے بیٹس میں تجارت سال کے دوران ڈائر کیٹرز، چیف ایگز کیٹوآ فیسر، چیف آپریٹنگ آفیسر، چیف فنانشل آفیسر، کمپنی سکے دوران ڈائر کیٹرز، چیف ایگز کیٹوآ فیسر، چیف آپریٹنگ آفیسر، چیف انٹرنل آڈیٹراوران کی شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچول کے ذریعے کی گئی۔

ڈ یویڈنڈ کی تقسیم	واپسی	سرماییکاری	عہدہ	ال	نمبرشار
	يونٹس کی تعداد				
_	14.004	14.024	چيف انثرثل آ ڈيٹر	مبين احرصد تقي	1

# خارجی آڈیٹرز

فنڈ کے خارجی آڈیٹرز'اے ایف فرگون اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈا کا وَنَمُنُس' نے فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2023ء کے طور پرجاری رہنے کی رضامندی کا اظہار کیا ہے۔ بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمپٹی نے 'اے ایف فرگون اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈا کا وَنَمُنُس' کی فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2023ء کے طور پردوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش پیش کی ہے۔ اور بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے بھی آڈٹ کمپٹی کی سفارش کی توثیق کی ہے۔

# اظهارتِشكّر

بورڈ فنڈ کے قابلِ قدرسر مایہ کاروں،سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایمپینی کمیشن آف پاکستان اور فنڈ کےٹرسٹیز کے مسلسل تعاون اور حمایت کے لیےشکر گزار ہے۔ نیز، ڈائر کیٹرزانتظامیہٹیم کی کاوشوں کوبھی خراج تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں۔

منجانب ڈائر یکٹرز

النيم بيگ نار کينه ادائس چيز مين

بسسلونه مورد المسلونه مورد المسلونه مورد المسلون المسلون المستورد المستورد

# ڈائز یکٹرزر پورٹ

ا. پراویڈنٹ/گےریے وئٹی اور پینشن فنڈ کی سرمایہ کا ریوں کی قدر کے بیان کا اطلاق فنڈ پڑئیں ہوتا لیکن مینجمنٹ کمپنی پر ہوتا ہے؛ چنانچہ ڈائر کیٹرزر پورٹ میں کوئی اظہار نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔

i) 30 جون 2022ء تک، کمپنی ڈایئر کیٹرز کے تربیتی پروگرام کے تقاضوں کی تقیل کررہی ہے، جبیبا کہ کوڈ کے ضابطہ نمبر 19 میں موجود ہے۔

k. این بی ایف سی ریگولیشنز کے مطابق مطلوب یونٹ ہولڈنگ کا تفصیلی خاکہ نسلک ہے۔

1. ابورڈ کی اپنی کارکردگی ، بورڈ کے اراکین اور بورڈ کی کمیٹیوں کے سالا نہ جائزے کے لیے ایک باضابطہ اور موثر طریقہ کا رضع کیا جاتا ہے۔

m. بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزمیٹنگ کی حاضری کی تفصیلات مالیاتی گوشواروں میں ظاہر کردی گئی ہیں۔سال مختصمه 30 جون 2022ء کے دوران ہونے والی ممیٹی میٹنگز کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

# ا ۔ آ ڈٹ سمیٹی کی میٹنگ دوران سال آ ڈٹ سمیٹی کی نو (9) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں ۔ شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

	میٹنگز کی تعداد			
منظورشده رخصت	حاضري	مطلوبهحاضري	منعقده میٹنگز کی تعداد	نام
-	9	9	9	ا۔ مرزامحمد قمر بیگ (چیئر مین)
-	9	9	9	۲۔ جناب سیم بیگ
1	8	9	9	۳۔ جناب احمد جہانگیر
3	6	9	9	۴۔ جناب کاشف اے حبیب
-	9	9	9	۵_سیدساویل میکال مُسین

# ۲۔ ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ رمیوزیشن تمینی کی میٹنگ

دورانِ سال ہیومن ریسورس اینڈرمیوزیشن کمیٹی کی پانچ (5) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

	میٹنگز کی تعداد			
منظورشده رخصت	حاضری	مطلوبه حاضري	منعقده میثنگز کی تعداد	نام
-	5	5	5	ا۔ جناب مرزاقمر بیگ (چیئر مین)
3	2	5	5	۲_ جناب احمد جهانگیر
3	2	5	5	۳۔ جناب نیم بیگ
-	5	5	5	۴ محتر مه ماوراء عادل خان
3	2	5	5	۵۔ سیدساویل میکال نُسین
-	5	5	5	۲۔ جناب محمد ثاقب سلیم (سیامیاو)

# ڈائر کیٹرزر پورٹ

## مندرجه بالاتفصيلات درج ذيل بين:

دیگر بور ڈ کمیٹیوں میں رُکنیت	عہدہ	ان	نمبرشار
كو ئى شېيى	Non ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر	جناب ہارون رشید	.1
(i) آڈٹ کمیٹی؛اور (ii) ایج آراینڈ آرکمیٹی*	Non ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر	جناب سیم بیگ	.2
(i) آڈٹ کمیٹی؛اور (ii) ایج آراینڈ آرکمیٹی*	Non ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر	جناب احمد جهاتگير	.3
آ ۋ ئے كىپىشى	Non ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر	جناب كاشف اليحبيب	.4
(i) آڈٹ کمیٹی؛اور (ii) ایج آراینڈ آرکمیٹی*	خودمختار ڈائر یکٹر	سيدساويل ميكال محسين	.5
(i) آڈٹ کمیٹی (چیئر مین)؛اور (ii) ایک آراینڈ آرکمیٹی*(چیئر مین)	خود مختار ڈائر یکٹر	جناب مرزاقمر بيگ	.6
ایج آرایند ٔ آر کمیش*	خود مختار ڈائر یکٹر	محترمه ماوراءعا دل خان	.7
ایچ آراینڈ آرکمیٹی*	ا یگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹر	جناب محمد ثا قب سليم	.8

<sup>\*</sup> ایج آرایندا آر: میومن ریسورس ایندر میونریش

مینجمنٹ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس میں متعین کردہ بہترین روایات کی دفعات کی نغیل جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے۔ فنڈ پاکستان اسٹاک ایمپینج کی لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز ، جن میں بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرزاورمینجمنٹ کے کرداراورذ مہداریوں کوواضح کیا گیاہے، کےمطابق کاروبارکرنے برکار بندہے۔

# بورد آف ڈائر کیٹرزی طرف سے پالمسرّ ت مطّلع کیاجا تاہے کہ:

- a. مالیاتی گوشوارے مینی کے معاملات کی صورتحال ،اس کی سرگرمیوں کے نتائج ،نقذ کی آمدورفت اورا یکوٹی میں تبدیلیوں کی منصفانہ عکاسی کرتے ہیں۔
  - b. سميني كي درُست بُكس آف اكا وَنشس بنائي كَتَي بَس؛
- c. مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں درُست اکا وَمثنگ پالیسیوں کا با قاعدگی کے ساتھ اطلاق کیا گیا ہے اورا کا وَمثنگ تخیینے معقول اورمختاط اندازوں پہنی ہیں ؟
- - ضرور یات اورسکیورٹیز اینڈ ایجیجیج نمیش آف پاکتان کی ہدایات کی تعمیل کی گئے ہے؟
- e. انٹرنل کنٹرول کا نظام مشخکم خطوط پراستواراورمؤثر انداز میں نافذ کیا گیا ہے اوراس کی مؤثر نگرانی کی جاتی ہے، اورا سے مزید بہتر بنانے کی کوششیں جاری ہیں ؛
  - f. فنڈ کے کاروبار جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت میں کسی قتم کے کوئی شبہات نہیں ہیں ؟
  - g. كار پوريك گورنينس كى بهترين روايات سےكوئى قابل ذكر انحراف نهيس مواہے؛
  - h. واجبُ الا دائِيكس، قانوني حيار جزاور دُيوييز (اگركوئي مين تو) كوآ دُث شده مالياتي گوشوارون مين مكمل طور پر ظاهر كيا گيا ہے

# ڈائر یکٹرزر ب<u>و</u>رٹ

# ميوچل فنڈ صنعت کا جائزہ

اوپن اینڈ میوچل فنڈ صنعت کے net اثاثہ جات مالی سال 2022ء کے دوران تقریبًا 19.2 فیصد بڑھ کر 1,214 بلین روپے ہو گئے۔ Money مارکیٹ کی مجموعی فنڈ میں جون 2021ء سے اب تک تقریبًا 43.8 فیصد اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ Money مارکیٹ کے دائرہ کارمیں روپے ہوگئے۔ روایتی فنڈ حاوی رہے کیونکہ تقریبًا 56.4 بلین روپے ہوگئے۔ جبکہ اسلامک فنڈ 24.1 فیصد بڑھ کر 225 بلین روپے ہوگئے۔ مزید برااں مجموعی فلسڈ انکم فنڈ زمیں جون 2021ء سے اب تک تقریبًا 21.9 فیصد اضافہ ہوا کیونکہ روایتی انکم فنڈ زمیں جون 2021ء سے اب تک تقریبًا 21.9 فیصد اضافہ ہوا کیونکہ روایتی انکم فنڈ زمیں جون 2021ء سے اب تک تقریبًا 2020ء میں مارکیٹ میں انحطاط اور اثاثہ جات تحت الانتظامیہ میں کی جہ مالی سال 2022ء میں مارکیٹ میں انحطاط اور اثاثہ جات تحت الانتظامیہ میں کی ہے کیونکہ مجموعی معاشی وجغرافیائی سیاسی عوامل سے متعلق خدشات سرمایہ کاروں کی حوصلہ شکنی کا سبب بے۔

شعبہ جاتی اعتبار سے مالی سال 2022ء کے اختیام پر Money مارکیٹ فنڈ تقریبًا 55.3 فیصد صفے کے ساتھ سب سے آگے تھے، جبکہ دوسرے نمبر پر اِنکم فنڈ تھے جن کا 24.6 فیصد حصد تھا، اور تیسر نے نمبر پرا یکوٹی فنڈ اور متعلقہ فنڈ تھے جن کا 18.9 فیصد حصہ تھا۔

# میوچل فنڈ کی صنعت کے ستقبل کا منظر

سود کی شرحوں میں اضافے سے Money مارکیٹ فنڈ زمیں آمد ورفت کی حوصلہ افزائی ہوگی۔ فائنانس ایکٹ 2023ء میں حالیہ تبدیلیوں سے بھی سرمایہ کاروں کو ترغیب ملے گی کہ وہ میوچل فنڈ زکے ذریعے بچت اور سرمایہ کاری کریں۔ فکسڈ انکم فنڈ زمیں رائج الوقت تقریباً 15 فیصد منافع جات ایسے سرمایہ کاروں کے لیے موزوں ترین ہیں جو مختصر میعاد میں رہنا چاہتے ہیں اور زیادہ خطرہ مول لینانہیں چاہتے۔ تاہم اسٹاک کی قیمتوں میں حالیہ تھجے نے تعتیات قدر کھول دی ہیں اور طویل المیعاد سرمایہ کار اِن پُرکشش سطحوں پر ایکوٹی میں مزید پیسے لگانا چاہیں گے۔ ہمارے آپریشنز پلا رکاوٹ جاری رہے، اور ڈیجیٹل رسائی اور آن لائن سہولیات میں بھر پورسرمایہ کاری کے نتیجے میں ہمیں جو سبقت حاصل ہے اس کی بدولت ہم آن لائن کام کرنے والے سرمایہ کاروں کی بڑھتی ہوئی تعداد سے استفادہ کر سکتے ہیں۔

# كار پورىپ گورنينس

فنڈ کارپوریٹ گورننس کے اعلیٰ ترین معیارات کو نافذ کرنے کے لیے پرعزم ہے۔ بورڈ آٹھ (8) اراکین پرمشتل ہے جس میں چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر (CEO) شامل ہیں اوراس میں صنف اور علم کامتنوع امتزاج ہے۔ بورڈ 1 خاتون اور 7 مردڈ ائز کیٹرز پرمشتل ہے، جن کی درجہ بندی درج ذیل ہے:

- 44 غير-ا يگزيکڻوڈ ائريکٹرز؛
  - •3 آزاد ڈائر یکٹرز ؛اور
- •11 يَّزِ يَكُودُارُ يَكُثِر (CEO)\_

مالیاتی تختی اوررو پے کی قدر میں کمی کے نتیج میں معیشت میں ست رفتاری آئے گی اوراس کا ارْصنعتی ترقی پر پڑےگا۔مزید براں حکومت درآ مدات میں کمی پر توجہ مرکوز کررہی ہے تا کہ کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ کم کیا جاسکے جس سے خد مات کے شعبے کی ترقی متاثر ہوگی۔

بین الاقوامی اشیاء اپنی حالیہ بلندی سے بینچ آگئ ہیں لیکن توانائی کی قیمتیں بلندی پر ڈٹی ہوئی ہیں۔ہم اُمید کرتے ہیں کہ حکومت درآ مدات پر مضبوط لگام دے کرر کھے گی اور ڈالر کے غیر ضروری خارجی بہاؤکی حوصلہ شکنی کرے گی۔درآ مدات متوقع طور پر 14 فیصد ۲۰۵۷ کم ہوکر 63 بلئین ڈالر ہوجائیں گی کیونکہ ہم دیکھیں گے متعدد شعبوں کے جم سگوجائیں گے۔چنانچ ہمیں اُمید ہے کہ مالی سال 2023ء میں کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ گی کیونکہ ہم دیکھیں گی کیونکہ ہم دیکھیں گی ہوگا جبکہ اس کے بالمقابل مالی سال 2022ء میں متوقع کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارہ 16.5 بلئین ڈالر (جی ڈی پی کا 4.2 فیصد) تھا۔

آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کی کامیاب بحالی مالیاتی اکاؤنٹ کو مثبت حدود میں رکھنے کے لیے کلیدی شرط ہوگی ، اور ہم دوست مما لک سے فنڈنگ کے منتظر بھی ہیں۔ با قاعد گی کے ساتھ ہونے والی ترسیلات اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ دوطر فیہ اور کثیر الجہتی بہاؤ بھی ہماری خار جی صور تحال کو سنجالنے میں اہم کر دارا داکریں گے۔ ڈالر اروپے کی تجارت 230 - 225 کی حدود میں ہور ہی ہے جس کی وجہ متوقع سیاسی غیر بھینی حالات اور آئی ایم ایف کی قبط میں تاخیر ہے۔ ہم سجھتے ہیں کہ آئی ایم ایف کی قبط کے اجراء اور دوست مما لک سے حصول کے بعدرو پیری قدر بحال ہوگی ۔ تاہم مالی سال کے اختتام تک روپ کی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں قدر میں متوقع طور یر کی آئے گی اور بیر 235 تک پہنچ سکتا ہے۔

ی پی آئی پر پمنی مہنگائی جون 2022ء کے لیے 21.3 فیصد کی سطح پر تھی جس کی وجہ پٹرول اور بجلی کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ تھا کیونکہ سابقہ حکومت کے اعلان کردہ امدادی اقد امات روک دیئے گئے۔ ہم رو پے کی قدر میں کمی کے اثر کا دوسرا دَورد یکھیں گے اور پٹرول کی قیمت میں اضافہ بھی ہوگا جس کے باعث سال کے بقیہ حصے میں مہنگائی بلندر ہے گی۔ مالی سال 2023ء میں مہنگائی کا اوسط 21.8 فیصد متوقع ہے۔ ایس بی پی نے پالیسی شرح کو بڑھا کر 15 فیصد کردیا تا کہ مجموعی ما نگ کی رفتار اور مہنگائی کے دباؤ میں کمی لائی جاسکے۔ سود کی شرحوں میں غیر ضروری بلند سطح تک اضافے سے مالیاتی صور سحال متاثر ہوتی ہے اور cost-push مہنگائی کو قابو کرنے میں کوئی قابلِ ذکر مدنہیں ملتی۔ چنانچے ہم اُمید کرتے ہیں کہ ایس بی پی منفی شروح سود برقر ارر کھنے کے ذریعے مالیاتی تختی اور لاگتوں کو متوازن کرے گا۔

کیپیٹل مارکیٹ، خصوصًا ایکوٹیز، کے نقطہ نظر سے اسٹاک کی قیمتوں میں تصحیح سے تعیّن قدر مزید کھُل گئی ہے۔ مارکیٹ نے شرح سود میں اضافے اور دوپ کی قدر میں کمی کومدِ نظر رکھا ہے۔ مارکیٹ حصوصًا کی قیمد کی قدر میں کمی کومدِ نظر رکھا ہے۔ مارکیٹ حصوصًا کا جی ڈی پی کے ساتھ تناسب کم ہوکر 10.1 فیصد ہوگیا ہے جواس کے تاریخی اوسط سے 52 فیصد کے داس طرح، خطرات کے پریمیئم 8.3 فیصد کے قریب ہیں، اور اِن کے قدیم اوسط 2.2 فیصد سے مواز نہ کرنے پراس بھر پور کی کا پیتہ چاتا ہے جس پر مارکیٹ میں تجارت ہورہی ہے۔ ہم سیحے ہیں کہ اسٹاک اور شعبہ جات کا مجموعی تناظرا ہم رہے گا اور سرمایہ کاری کے انتخاب کے لیے اُن کمپنیز پر توجہ مرکوز کی جانی چاہد ڈیویڈنڈ کی جانی چاہد ڈیویڈنڈ کی جانی چاہد ڈیویڈنڈ کی ساتھ 9.5 فیصد ہرے۔

حاملینِ قرض کے لیے ہم تو قع کرتے ہیں کہ بازارِزرکے فنڈ سال بھر پلا رکاوٹ پالیسی شرحوں کی عکاسی جاری رکھیں گے۔دوسری جانب حکومتی بانڈ زمتو قع پیداواری خم میں شامل ہو چکے ہیں۔ہم بانڈز کے منافع جات کی موجودہ سطحوں پر مختاط ہیں اورڈیٹا پوائنٹس کی گرانی جاری رکھیں گے تا کہ مواقع سے فائدہ اُٹھایا جاسکے۔ نظرآ یا اور جون 2022ء میں 12.3 فیصد اضافہ ہوا جبکہ جون 2021ء میں 6.9 فیصد تھا۔ اگلے مالی سال میں 20 فیصد سے زائد کی تو قعات کے ساتھ ساتھ کمزور مالیاتی ڈھانچے کے نتیجے میں SBP نے پالیسی شرح میں زیرِ جائزہ مالی سال میں مجموعی طور پر 625 ہیںسسس پوائنٹس (bps) کا اضافہ کر کے اسے 13.75 فیصد کردیا تا کہ مہنگائی کے دباؤ کا مقابلہ کیا جاسکے اور مجموعی طور پر محسل مانگ کی رفتار میں کی لائی جاسکے۔ جولائی 2022ء میں SBP نے پالیسی شرح میں مزید bps کا اضافہ کر کے اسے 15 فیصد کردیا۔

مالیاتی جہت میں ایف بی آرکی ٹیکس وصولی مالی سال 2022ء میں 29.1 فیصد بڑھ کر 6,125 بلئین روپے ہوگئی جبکہ گزشتہ سال مماثل مدّ ت کے دوران 4,744 بلئین روپے تھی۔ یہ ہدف سے 25 بلئین زائد تھا۔ ٹیکس وصولی میں بہتری کی بنیادی وجہ درآ مدات میں اضافے کی بدولت کسٹمز ڈیوٹی میں اضافہ اور زیادہ سیزئیکس کی وصولی ہے۔

دوسری بات بیکہ بازاروں کے منافعے میں مالی سال 2022ء میں قابلِ ذکراضافہ ہوا ہے کیونکہ SBP نے مالیاتی تختی کا چگر شروع کردیا تھا۔روپے کی قدر میں کمی کے ساتھ ساتھ توانائی کی مسلسل بلند قیتوں سے مہنگائی پر دباؤ میں اضافہ ہوگا،اور ہماری توقع کے مطابق مہنگائی کا اوسط درمیانی مدّت میں بلند رہے گا۔ تین سالہ، پانچ سالہ اوردس سالہ بانڈز کے منافعوں میں دورانِ مدّت بالتر تیب 4.5 فیصد، 3.4 فیصد اور 3.0 فیصد اضافہ ہوا۔

# فنڈ کی کارکردگی

زیرِ جائزه مدّت کے دوران فنڈ کا ایک سال پرمحیط منافع 10.87 فیصد تھا، جبکہ مقرره معیار کا منافع 9.28 فیصد تھا۔ فنڈ کی زیادہ ترشمولیت نقد میں رہی جس کی وجہ کمرشل بینکوں کی پیش کردہ پُرکشش شرعیں تھی۔

30 جون 2022ء کوفنڈ کے net اثاثہ جات5,705 ملئین روپے تھے جو 30 جون 2021ء کی سطح 3,119 ملئین روپے کے مقابلے میں 82.91 فیصدا ضافہ ہے۔

30 جون 2022ء کو net اٹا شرجاتی قدر (این اے وی) فی یونٹ 50.4678 روپے تھی جو 30 جون 2021ء کو ابتدائی این اے وی 50.4678 روپے فی یونٹ ہی تھی۔

# معیشت اور مار کیٹ - مستقبل کا منظرنامه

کومت نے متعدد سخت فیصلے کیے ہیں ہیمول پڑول، بکی اور گیس کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ، تا کہ آئی ایم ایف کی شرائط پوری کی جاسکیں۔ علاوہ ازیں ، سود کی شرح کو بڑھا کر 15 فیصد کیا ہے اور مالی سال 2023ء کے بجٹ میں تبدیلیاں کی ہیں تا کہ مالی سال 2023ء میں بنیادی مالیاتی surplus کو بڑھا کر 15 فیصد کیا ہے اور مالی سال 2023ء کے بحث میں تبدیلیاں کی ہیں تا کہ مالی سال 2023ء میں بنیادی الیف کو الیف معاہدہ ہوگیا ہے جس کے بعدا یک شینڈ ڈ فنڈ فیسلٹی (ای ایف ہوف بنایا جا سکے ۔ ان اقد امات کے نتیج میں آئی ایم ایف کے ساتھ اسٹاف سطح کا ایک کا میاب معاہدہ ہوگیا ہے جس کے بعدا یک شینڈ ڈ فنڈ فیسلٹی (ای ایف کو اسٹونی) کے مشتر کہ ساتویں اور آٹھویں جائز ہے کے تحت فنڈ ہے 1۔ بلکین ڈ الر کے اجراء کی راہیں ہموار ہوں گی ۔ مزید براں ، حکومت آئی ایم ایف کو اسٹونی کو اسٹونی کو اسٹونی کو میں کے بون 2023ء بات کے لیے قائل کرنے میں کا میاب ہوئی ہے کہ فنڈ نگ کو 1 بلکین ڈ الر سے 7 بلکین ڈ الرکیا جائے اور تتمبر 2022ء کی بجائے جون 2023ء تک میٹون شکہ وگا اور پالیسی سازوں کو درکار مختصر مدت میں بلا رکاوٹ مالیاتی نظم وضبط اور پیائش شدہ تجارتی اکاؤٹٹ پالیسیوں اور طویل مدت میں قابل بقاء ترقی کے لیے معاشی پالیسیوں پرار تکاؤٹوجہ کے لیے داہ فراہم ہوگی۔ یہ کی میٹون کی ہوگی ہوگا ورضد مات کے شعبوں نے بالتر تیب 4.4 فیصد، 2.5 فیصد اور کی میٹون کی ہوگی ہوگی ہیں کی گرتی میں کی گرتی میں 2.5 سے 3.0 فیصد تک کی بڑی کی آئے گی۔ قیصد اور کی ڈی میں کی گرتی میں 2.5 سے 3.0 فیصد تک کی بڑی کی آئے گی۔

عزيزسر ماييكار

بورة آف ڈائر یکٹرزی طرف سے پاکتان کیش مینجمنٹ فنڈ کے گوشواروں کا جائز ہرائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2022ء پیش خدمت ہے۔

## معيشت اور بإزارِ زركا جائزه

مالی سال 2022ء پاکستان کے لیے مشکل سال رہا کیونکہ مُلک کومجموعی معاشیاتی جہت میں متعدد چیننے در پیش رہے اور ساتھ ساتھ سیاسی صورتحال بھی غیر یقینی رہی۔اگر چہ معیشت نے کو وِڈ چیننے کا بہتر انداز میں مقابلہ کیا لیکن عالمی معیشتوں کی بحالی اور زنجیر رسد میں رکاوٹوں کے باعث عالمی سطح پراشیاء کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ ہوا جس سے تجارتی خسارے پر دباؤمیں بھی اضافہ ہوا۔روس یوکرین جنگ کے نتیج میں اشیاء کی قیمتیں مزید ہڑھ گئیں جس کے باعث دوران سال اب تک کے سب سے ہڑے در آمداتی بل نے پہلے سے پھیلتے ہوئے تجارتی خسارے کومزید متاثر کیا۔توانائی اوراشیائے خوردونوش کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ کے ساتھ ساتھ در آمداتی بل نے پہلے سے پھیلتے ہوئے تجارتی خسارے کومزید متاثر کیا۔توانائی اوراشیائے خوردونوش کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ کی کمزور شرح کے نتیج میں مقامی سطح پر مہنگائی میں تیزی سے اضافہ ہوا۔اشیاء کی قیمتوں سے ہونے والی مہنگائی کے رجانات بھی عالمی معیشتوں میں واضح نظر آئے ،خصوصًا امریکا اور یور پی نظے میں ، اور اس کے نتیج میں ہونے والی مالیاتی تختی کے باعث وسیع تر کساد

پاکستان کی معیشت پہلے ہی مجموعی معاشیاتی چیلنجوں سے نبرد آزما ہورہی تھی اور سیاسی افرا تفری نے حالات میں مزید بگاڑ پیدا کردیا۔ بڑھتی ہوئی سیاسی ہلچل کے نتیجے میں عوامی سطح کے اقدامات کیے گئے ،مثلًا ایندھن اور بجلی کی سبسڈ بز،جس سے مطلوبہ مالیاتی ترامیم کرنامشکل ہوگیا۔علاوہ ازیں ،مُلکی قیادت میں غیر متوقع تبدیلی اور اس سے پیدا ہونے والی سیاسی غیریقینی صورتحال کے نتیجے میں آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کے لیے درکار پالیسی اقدامات اور ترامیم میں تاخیر ہوئی۔

مالی سال 2022ء کے ابتدائی گیارہ ماہ میں مُلک کا CAD لیمی کرنٹ اکا وَنٹ خیارہ 15.2 بلین ڈالرتھا جبکہ گزشتہ سال مماثل مد ت میں اس اللہ 2022ء کے ابتدائی گیارہ ماہ میں ہونے والے 15.9 CAD بلین ڈالرتے بعداب تک کا سب سے بڑا خیارہ تھا۔ اس بلین ڈالرتھا۔ یہ مالی سال 2012ء کے ابتدائی گیارہ ماہ میں درآ ہدات میں 36.5 فیصد اضافہ تھا جبکہ اس کے بالمقابل برآ ہدات میں اضافہ 26.7 فیصد تھا۔ تجارتی خیارہ 45.5 بلین ڈالر تھا۔ درآ ہدات میں اس بے قابو فیصد تھا۔ تجارتی خیارہ فیصد بڑھ کر 36.1 بلین ڈالر تھا۔ درآ ہدات میں اس بے قابو اضافے کی بنیادی وجہ ہماری اشیاء کے دائر کا رہشمول خام تل، پام تیل اور کو کلے کی تاریخی بلند قیمتیں اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ یکبارو یکسین درآ ہدات تھی۔ مالی سال 2022ء میں مرکزی بینک کے زیم بادلہ کے ذخائر میں 1.4 بلین ڈالر کی ہوئی جس کی وجہ کرنٹ اکا وَنٹ خیارہ اور کیا میں تاخیر کے نتیج میں دیگر غیر مُلکی آ ہدات ست رفتاری کا شکار ہوگئیں اور اس کے باعث زیم بادلہ کے اضافہ ہے۔ علاوہ ازیں، آئی ایم الیس ال کے آغاز سے لے کراب تک روپیہ ڈالرکے مقابلے میں 23.0 فیصد کمزور ہوگیا۔

مہنگائی بے حدتثویشناک رہی کیونکہ اشیاء کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں نے پالیسی سازوں کے لیے متعدد چیننج پیدا کرنے کا سلسلہ جاری رکھا۔ ہیڈلائن مہنگائی ،جس کی ترجمانی CPI سے ہوتی ہے ، کااوسط مالی سال 2022ء میں 12.1 فیصد تھا جبکہ مالی سال 2021ء میں 8.9 فیصد تھا۔ اس اضافے کی بنیادی وجوہ اشیائے خوردونوش کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ ، تو انائی (بجلی اور ایندھن ، دونوں) کی لاگتوں میں اضافہ ، اوررو پے کی قدر میں کمی کادوسرا دَورتھیں ،جس کے باعث در آمد شدہ اشیاء کی قیمتیں بلندر ہیں۔ بنیادی مہنگائی ،جس کی پیائش اشیائے خوردونوش اور تو انائی کے علاوہ سے ہوتی ہے ، میں بھی اضافے کار بحان

# REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### **Fund Type and Category**

Pakistan Cash Management Fund (PCF) is an open-end Fund.

### **Fund Benchmark**

The benchmark for Pakistan Cash Management Fund is 70% three (3) months PKRV rates + 30% three (3) months average deposit rates of three (3) AA rated scheduled Banks selected by MUFAP.

### **Investment Objective**

The objective of PCF is to provide Unit Holders competitive returns from a low risk portfolio of short duration assets while maintaining high liquidity.

### **Investment Strategy**

The Fund will invest in government securities; mainly Treasury bills and short maturity reverse repurchase transactions against Government Securities. The un-invested funds are kept in deposits with minimum AA rated commercial banks. The overall maturity of the portfolio is kept below 45 days, in order to keep interest rate risk at a relatively low and manageable level and provide high liquidity to investors comparable to current bank deposits. PCF is a long only Fund.

### Manager's Review

During the period under review, the fund generated an annualized return of 10.87% as against its benchmark return of 9.28%. At the end of June 2022, the fund's investment in T-bills decreased to 0.0% and entire exposure was shifted to cash.

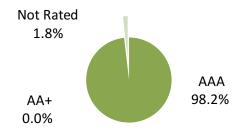
The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 stood at Rs. 5,705 million as compared to Rs. 3,119 million as at June 30, 2021 registering a increase of 82.9%. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2022 was Rs. 50.4678

#### Asset Allocation as on June 30, 2022 (% of total assets)

Asset Allocation (%age of Total Assets)	Jun-22
Cash	98.2%
Term Deposit Receipt	0.0%
T-Bills	0.0%
Others including receivables	1.8%

# REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## Asset Quality as on June 30, 2022 (% of total assets)



Saad Ahmed Fund Manager

#### TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



#### REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

#### PAKISTAN CASH MANAGEMENT FUND

Report of the Trustee Pursuant to Regulation 41(h) of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

Pakistan Cash Management Fund, an open-end Scheme established under a Trust Deed initially executed between Arif Habib Investments Limited as Management Company and Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited as Trustee. The Trust Deed was approved by Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on February 01, 2008 and was executed on February 08, 2008. The Trust Deed was subsequently amended through a supplemental Trust Deed dated July 21, 2014 according to which Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited stands retired and MCB Financial Services Limited is appointed as the Trustee of the Fund. The effective date of change of trustee is August 20, 2014.

Pursuant to the merger of MCB Asset Management Company Limited with and into Arif Habib Investments Limited (AHIL), the name of AHIL had been changed to MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited effective from June 27, 2011.

- 1. MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited, the Management Company of Pakistan Cash Management Fund has, in all material respects, managed Pakistan Cash Management Fund for the year ended 30th June 2022 in accordance with the provisions of the following:
  - (i) Investment limitations imposed on the Asset Management Company and the Trustee under the trust deed and other applicable laws;
  - the valuation or pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory (ii) requirement;
  - (iii) the creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed;
  - and any regulatory requirement (iv)

Karachi: August 18, 2022

Authorize Signatory

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unit holders of Pakistan Cash Management Fund

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Pakistan Cash Management Fund (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2022, and the income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of movement in unit holders' fund and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at June 30, 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following is the key audit matter:

S. No.	Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Net Asset Value (NAV) (Refer note 4 to the annexed financial statements)  Balances with banks constitute the most significant component of the NAV. Balances with banks of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 aggregated to Rs 5,628.553 million.  The existence of balances with banks for the determination of NAV of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 was considered a high risk area and therefore we considered this as a key audit matter.	following:  Obtained independent confirmations for verifying the existence of the balances with banks as at June 30, 2022 and traced them to



A. F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, a member firm of the PwC network
State Life Building No. 1-C, I.I. Chundrigar Road, P.O. Box 4716, Karachi-74000, Pakistan
Tel: +92 (21) 32426682-6/32426711-5; Fax: +92 (21) 32415007/32427938/32424740; <www.pwc.com/pk>

■ KARACHI ■ LAHORE ■ ISLAMABAD

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS



2



#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors of the Management Company for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors of the management company is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.





3

## A-F-FERGUSON&CO.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with board of directors of the management company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide board of directors of the management company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with board of directors of the management company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion the financial statements have been prepared in all material respects in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Noman Abbas Sheikh.

A. F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants

Dated: September 22, 2022

Karachi

UDIN: AR202210061K1IlgaF4h

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

ACCETO	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
ASSETS Balances with banks	4	5,628,554	3,141,821
Investments	5	-	5,141,021
Advances, prepayments and profit receivable	6	100,896	11,320
Total assets		5,729,450	3,153,141
LIABILITIES			
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited -			
Management Company	7	2,906	305
Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee	8	271	82
Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Accrued and other liabilities	9 10	1,341	478
Total liabilities	10	19,666 24,184	33,660 34,525
Total habilities		24,104	34,323
NET ASSETS		5,705,266	3,118,616
Unit holders' fund (as per statement attached)		5,705,266	3,118,616
Contingencies and commitments	11		
		(Number	of units)
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE		113,047,650	61,794,223
		(Rup	ees)
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT	3.6	50.4678	50.4678

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

# **INCOME STATEMENT**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		For the yea	r ended
	Note	June 30,	June 30,
		2022	2021
		(Rupees i	n '000)
INCOME	_		
Profit on bank deposits		500,118	70,579
Capital gain / (loss) on sale of investments - net		10,297	(924)
Income from government securities		192,903	103,380
Profit on term deposits receipts		9,912	-
Total income		713,230	173,035
EXPENSES			
Remuneration of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments			
Limited - Management Company	7.1	13,642	3,254
Sales tax on remuneration of the Management Company	7.2	1.773	423
Allocated expenses	7.2	22	1,164
Remuneration of Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee	8.1	2.810	900
Sales tax on remuneration of the Trustee	8.2	365	117
Annual fee to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan	9	1.341	478
Auditors' remuneration	12	556	640
	7.4	2.219	040
Selling and marketing expense	7.4	838	182
Brokerage, settlement and bank charges		146	137
Legal and other professional charges		711	229
Fee and subscription		82	19
Printing and stationery  Total expenses	L	24,505	7,543
iotai expenses		24,303	7,543
Net income for the year from operating activities	_	688,725	165,492
Reversal of provision / (provision) for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF)	10.1	12,614	(3,310)
Net income for the year before taxation	_	701,339	162,182
Taxation	13	-	-
	_		
Net income for the year after taxation	=	701,339	162,182
Earnings per unit	3.12		
Allocation of net income for the year:			
Net income for the year after taxation		701,339	162,182
Income already paid on units redeemed		(14,849)	(29,987)
,	-	686,490	132,195
	=		<u>,                                     </u>
Accounting income available for distribution:			
- Relating to capital gains	Γ	9,725	-
- Excluding capital gains		676,765	132,195
	L	686,490	132,195
	=		

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

# STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	For the ye	ar ended
	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
Net income for the year after taxation	701,339	162,182
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	701,339	162,182

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

**Chief Financial Officer** 

## STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDERS' FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			June 30, 2022	!	June 30, 2021		
		Capital value	Undistributed income	lotal	Capital value	Undistributed income	Total
	Note			(Rupees	in '000)		
Net assets at beginning of the year		3,101,753	16,863	3,118,616	3,680,763	12,512	3,693,275
Issuance of 929,521,276 (2021: 181,322,788) units - Capital value (at ex-net assets value per unit at				I			
beginning of the year)		46,910,894	-	46,910,894	9,135,822	_	9,135,822
- Element of income		54,237	-	54,237	152,299	-	152,299
		46,965,131	-	46,965,131	9,288,121	-	9,288,121
Redemption of 878,267,849 (2021: 192,830,714) units		<b>-</b>					
- Capital value (at ex-net assets value per unit at				44 004 040	0.745.044		0 745 044
beginning of the year)		44,324,246	-	44,324,246	9,715,641	-	9,715,641
- Element of loss - net		2,492 44,326,738	14,849 14,849	17,341 44,341,587	84,110 9,799,751	29,987 29,987	114,097 9,829,738
		44,020,730	,	, ,		,	
Total comprehensive income for the year  Total distribution during for the year ended		-	701,339	701,339	-	162,182	162,182
June 30, 2022	20	-	(686,490)	(686,490)	-	-	-
Interim distribution for the year ended June 30, 2021 @ Re 0.1882 per unit declared on July 22, 2020		_	_	_		(13,845)	(13,845)
Interim distribution for the year ended June 30, 2021						(10,040)	(10,040)
@ Rs 1.8741 per unit on February 09, 2021		-	-	-	-	(77,701)	(77,701)
Interim distribution for the year ended June 30, 2021							
@ Re 0.3194 per unit on March 15, 2021		-	-	-	-	(18,438)	(18,438)
Final distribution for the year ended June 30, 2021 @ Re 0.9788 per unit on June 22, 2021					_	(17.960)	(17.060)
Refund of capital for the year ended June 30, 2022		(51,743)	_	(51,743)	_	(17,860)	(17,860)
Refund of capital for the year ended June 30, 2021		-	-	(01,710)	(67,380)	-	(67,380)
Total distributions during the year		(51,743)	(686,490)	(738,233)	(67,380)	(127,844)	(195,224)
Net assets at end of the year		5,688,403	16,863	5,705,266	3,101,753	16,863	3,118,616
Undistributed income brought forward				_			_
- Realised			16,863			12,512	
- Unrealised			-	J		-	
Accounting income available for distribution:			16,863			12,512	
- Relating to capital gains			9,725	1		-	
- Excluding capital gains			676,765			132,195	
			686,490	•		132,195	, i
Distributions during the year			(686,490)	•		(127,844)	
Undistributed income carried forward			16,863	<b>.</b>		16,863	
Undistributed income carried forward:				_			_
- Realised			16,863			16,863	
- Unrealised			16 963			- 16,863	
			16,863	•			
Net assets value per unit at beginning of the year			(Rupees) 50.4678			(Rupees) 50.3843	
Net assets value per unit at end of the year				•		50.4678	
ivet assets value per utilit at ellu of the year			50.4678	:		30.4076	

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		For the year	ar ended
	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(Rupees	III 000)
Net income for the year before taxation		701,339	162,182
Adjustments for: (Reversal of provision) / provision for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF)		(12,614) 688,725	3,310 165,492
(Increase) / decrease in assets Advances, prepayments and profit receivable		(89,576) (89,576)	4,972 4,972
Increase / (decrease) in liabilities Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Accrued and other liabilities  Net cash generated from operating activities		2,601 189 863 (1,380) 2,273 601,422	(388) (76) (121) 5,160 4,575 175,039
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from issuance of units - net of refund of capital Payments on redemption of units Dividend paid Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities		46,913,388 (44,341,587) (686,490) 1,885,311	9,220,741 (9,829,738) (127,844) (736,841)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		2,486,733 3,141,821	(561,802) 3,703,623
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	14	5,628,554	3,141,821

The annexed notes from 1 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

#### 1. **LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS**

- Pakistan Cash Management Fund (the Fund) was established under a Trust Deed executed between Arif Habib 1.1 Investments Limited (now MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited) as Management Company and Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited as Trustee on February 08, 2008. The draft Trust Deed was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its letter dated February 01, 2008 consequent to which the Trust Deed was executed on February 08, 2008. MCB Financial Services Limited has been appointed as trustee of the fund with effect from July 21, 2014.
- 1.2 The Management Company of the Fund obtained the requisite license from the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) to undertake asset management services under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules). The registered office of the Management Company is situated at 2nd Floor, Adamjee House, I.I Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan.
- 1.3 The Fund is an open-ended mutual fund and has been categorised as "money market scheme" and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Fund primarily invests in market treasury bills, short term Government instruments and reverse repurchase transactions against government securities.
- 1.4 Units are offered for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units are transferable and can be redeemed by surrendering them to the Fund.
- The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) has assigned an asset manager rating of 'AM1' dated October 1.5 06, 2021 to the Management Company and has assigned stability rating of 'AA+(f)' dated March 09, 2022 to the Fund.
- 1.6 Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of MCB Financial Services Limited as Trustee of the Fund.
- 1.7 During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Trust Act, 1882 was repealed due to the promulgation of Provincial Trust Act namely "Sindh Trusts Act, 2020" (the Sindh Trust Act) as empowered under the Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Fund is required to be registered under the Sindh Trust Act. Accordingly, on August 13, 2021 the above-mentioned Trust Deed has been registered under the Sindh Trust Act.

#### 2. **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Such standards comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 along with part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
- Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations) and the requirements of the Trust Deed.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and the requirements of the Trust Deed differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, part VIIIA of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations and the requirements of the Trust Deed have been followed.

#### 2.2 **Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain investments which have been marked to market and carried at fair value.

# 2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current year

There are certain amendments to the published accounting and reporting standards that are mandatory for the Fund's accounting period beginning on July 1, 2021. However, these do not have any significant impact on the Fund's operations and, therefore, have not been detailed in these financial statements.

# 2.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective

There are certain other standards, interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Fund's accounting period beginning on or after July 1, 2022 but are considered not to be relevant or will not have any significant effect on the Fund's operations and are therefore not disclosed in these financial statements.

#### 2.5 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates, judgements and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

The area where various assumption and estimates are significant to Fund's financial statements or where judgement was exercised in application of accounting policies primarily related to classification, valuation and impairment of financial assets (notes 3.2 and 5), provision for Federal Excise Duty (note 10.2) and provision for taxation (notes 3.11 and 13).

#### 2.6 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

#### 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

#### 3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

These comprise balances with banks in savings and current accounts and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### 3.2 Financial assets

#### 3.2.1 Classification and subsequent measurement

#### **Debt instruments**

IFRS 9 has provided a criteria for debt securities whereby these debt securities are either classified as:

- amortised cost
- at fair value through other comprehensive income "(FVOCI)"
- at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) based on the business model of the entity

However, IFRS 9 also provides an option whereby securities managed as a portfolio or group of assets and whose performance is measured on a fair value basis, to be recognized at FVTPL. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. Therefore the management considers its investment in debt securities as being managed as a group of assets and hence has classified them as FVTPL.

#### 3.2.2 Impairment

The Fund assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses (ECL) associated with its financial assets (other than debt instruments as per Circular 33 of 2012) carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The Fund recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- an unbiased and probability-weighted around that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- the time value of money; and
- reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecast of future economic conditions.

The 12 months ECL is recorded for all financial assets in which there is no significant increase in credit risk from the date of initial recognition, whereas a lifetime ECL is recorded for all remaining financial assets.

#### 3.2.2.1 Impairment loss on debt securities

Provision for non-performing debt securities is made on the basis of time-based criteria as prescribed by the SECP and based on the management's assessment made in line with its provisioning policy approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company in accordance with the guidelines issued by the SECP. Impairment losses recognised on debt securities can be reversed through the Income Statement.

As allowed by the SECP, the Management Company may make provision against debt securities over and above the minimum provision requirement prescribed by the SECP in accordance with the provisioning policy duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

#### 3.2.3 Regular way contracts

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### 3.2.4 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised at the time the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. These are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets carried 'at fair value through profit or loss'. Financial assets carried 'at fair value through profit or loss' are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are recognised in the Income Statement.

#### 3.2.5 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets is taken to the Income Statement.

#### 3.2.6 Derivatives

Derivate instruments are initially recognised at fair value and subsequent to initial measurement each derivative instrument is remeasured at fair value and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in the Income Statement.

#### 3.3 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently stated at amortized cost using effective interest method. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial liabilities is taken to the Income Statement. Financial liabilities include payable to the Management Company and other liabilities.

#### 3.4 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the 'Statement of Assets and Liabilities' when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 3.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 3.6 Net asset value per unit

The net asset value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in circulation at the year end.

#### 3.7 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for the applications received by the Management Company / distributors during business hours on that day. The offer price represents the Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as of the close of the business day, plus the allowable sales load and provision of any duties, charges and transaction costs, if applicable.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price applicable to units for which the Management Company / distributors receive redemption application during business hours of that day. The redemption price is equal to NAV as of the close of the business day, less an amount as the Management Company may consider to be an appropriate provision of duties and charges.

# 3.8 Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

Element of income represents the difference between net asset value per unit on the issuance or redemption date, as the case may be, of units and the net assets value per unit at the beginning of the relevant accounting period. Further, the element of income is a transaction of capital nature and the receipt and payment of element of income is taken to unit holders' fund. However, to maintain the same ex-dividend net asset value of all units outstanding on the accounting date, net element of income contributed on issue of units lying in unit holders fund is refunded on units in the same proportion as dividend bears to accounting income available for distribution.

#### 3.9 Revenue recognition

- Capital gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are recorded at the date at which the transaction takes place.
- Profit on bank deposits is recognised on an accrual basis using effective yield method.
- Income from government securities is recognised on an accrual basis using effective yield method.
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on remeasurement of investments classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss are included in the Income Statement in the year in which they arise.

#### 3.10 Expenses

All expenses including Management fee, Trustee fee, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan fee and allocated expenses are recognised in the Income Statement on accrual basis.

#### 3.11 Taxation

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxes after taking into account tax credits and rebates, if any. The charge for current tax is calculated using the prevailing tax rates.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit.

The deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on enacted tax rates.

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year, as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unit holders. Provided that, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of the accounting income, the income distributed through bonus units shall not be taken into account.

#### 3.12 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as, in the opinion of the management, the determination of cumulative weighted average number of outstanding units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

#### 3.13 Distribution to units holders fund

Distributions to the unit holders are recognised upon declaration and approval by the Board of Directors of the Management Company. Based on the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan's (MUFAP) guidelines duly consented by the SECP, distribution for the year also includes portion of income already paid on units redeemed during the year.

Distributions declared subsequent to the year end reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognised in the financial statements of the year in which such distributions are declared and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

#### 3.14 Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are accounted for in Pakistani Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates for monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Income Statement.

4	BALANCES WITH BANKS	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
	In current account		19	20
	In deposit accounts	4.1	5,628,535	3,141,801
	·		5,628,554	3,141,821

**4.1** These include a balance of Rs. 5.565 million (2021: Rs. 2.747 million) maintained with MCB Bank Limited (a related party) that carries a profit at the rate of 12.25% per annum (2021: 5.5% per annum). Other deposit accounts of the Fund carry profit rates ranging from 5.5% to 21.00% per annum (2021: 5.5% to 7.85% per annum).

5	INVESTMENTS	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
5.1	Investments at fair value through profit or loss			
	Government securities - Market treasury bills	5.1.1	<u>-</u>	-

### 5.1.1 Market treasury bills

6

		Face value June 30, 2022			Market value as a percentage of					
Name of security	Issue date	As at July 01, 2021	Purchased during the year	Sold / matured during the year	As at June 30, 2022	Carrying value	Market value	Unrealized gain	Net assets	Total invest- ments
				(Rup	oees in '000)					%
Market treasury bills										
- 3 months	May 6, 2021	-	550,000	550,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	July 2, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	July 15, 2021	-	1,300,000	1,300,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	July 29, 2021	-	2,500,000	2,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	August 12, 2021	-	4,000,000	4,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	August 26, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	September 9, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	September 23, 2021	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	October 7, 2021	-	7,000,000	7,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	November 4, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	December 2, 2021	-	10,500,000	10,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	December 16, 2021	-	8,000,000	8,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	December 30, 2021	-	6,500,000	6,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	January 13, 2022	-	385,000	385,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	January 27, 2022	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	February 24, 2022	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	April 7, 2022	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	April 21, 2022	-	3,500,000	3,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 3 months	April 28, 2022	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Market treasury bills										
- 6 months	February 25, 2021	-	200,000	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	March 25, 2021	-	250,000	250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	April 22, 2001	-	1,400,000	1,400,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	May 6, 2021	-	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	May 20, 2021	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	June 3, 2021	-	3,800,000	3,800,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	June 17, 2021	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	July 2, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	July 15, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	July 29, 2021	-	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	August 12, 2021	-	2,500,000	2,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	August 26, 2021	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	September 9, 2021	-	2,500,000	2,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	December 30, 2021	-	1,700,000	1,700,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	January 27, 2022	-	3,275,000	3,275,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	March 10, 2022	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	April 7, 2022	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	April 21, 2022	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 6 months	April 28, 2022	-	500,000	500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fotal as at June 30, 2022										
otal as at balle 50, 2022										
Total as at June 30, 2021						-	-	-	;	
					Note		June 3			e 30, )21
ADVANCES, PREPAYM	ENTS & PROFI	T RECE	IVABLE				(R	upees ir	า '000	)
Profit on bank deposits							100	,264		10,93
Advance tax					6.1			386		38
Prepayments						_		246		-

6.1 As per clause 47(B) of part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, payments made to collective investment schemes (CISs) are exempt from withholding tax under section 150 and 151 of the ordinance. However, withholding tax on profit on bank deposits to the Fund was deducted by various withholding agents based on the interpretation issued by FBR vide letter C. no. 1(43) DG (WHT)/2008-VOL.II-66417-R dated 12 May 2015 which requires every withholding agent to withhold income tax at applicable rates in case a valid exemption certificate under section 159(1) issued by the concerned Commissioner of Inland Revenue (CIR) is not produced before him by the withholdee. The tax withheld on profit on bank deposits amounts to Rs. 0.386 million (2021: Rs.0.386 million).

For this purpose, the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) on behalf of various mutual funds (including the Funds being managed by the Management Company) had filed a petition in the Honourable Sindh High Court (SHC) challenging the above mentioned interpretation of the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) which was decided by the SHC in favour of FBR. On January 28, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Management Company passed a resolution by circulation, authorising all CISs to file an appeal in the Honourable Supreme Court through their Trustees, to direct all persons being withholding agents, including share registrars and banks to observe the provisions of clause 47B of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 without imposing any conditions at the time of making any payment to the CISs being managed by the Management Company. Accordingly, a petition was filed in the Supreme Court of Pakistan by the Funds together with other CISs (managed by the Management Company and other Asset Management Companies) whereby the Supreme Court granted the petitioners leave to appeal from the initial judgement of the SHC. Pending resolution of the matter, the amount of withholding tax deducted on profit received by the Fund on bank deposits has been shown as advance tax under 'Advances, prepayments and profit receivables' as at June 30, 2022 as, in the opinion of the management, the amount of tax deducted at source will be refunded.

		Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
7	PAYABLE TO MCB-ARIF HABIB SAVINGS AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED			
	Remuneration payable	7.1	2,507	193
	Sales tax on remuneration payable	7.2	326	25
	Payable against allocated expenses	7.3	-	62
	Sale load payable		-	25
	Selling and marketing payable	7.4	73	-
			2,906	305

- 7.1 The Management Company has charged management fee at the rate of upto 10% of the gross earnings of the scheme, calculated on a daily basis.
- During the year, an amount of Rs. 1.773 million (2021: Rs.0.423 million) was charged on account of sales tax on 7.2 management fee levied through the Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011, and an amount of Rs. 1.472 million (2021: Rs.0.459 million) has been paid on account of sales tax on management fee to the Management Company which acts as a collecting agent.
- 7.3 In accordance with Regulation 60 of the NBFC Regulations, the Management Company is entitled to charge fees and expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services, related to a Collective Investment Scheme (CIS).

The Management Company has allocated expenses to the Fund based on its discretion subject to not being higher than actual expense which has also been approved by the Board of Directors of the Asset Management Company.

7.4 The SECP has allowed the Asset Management Companies to charge selling and marketing expenses to all categories of open-end mutual funds (except fund of funds) upto a maximum limit approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company as part of annual plan.

The Management Company has charged selling and marketing expenses to the Fund based on its discretion subject to not being higher than actual expense, which has also been approved by the BOD of the Management Company.

8	PAYABLE TO DIGITAL CUSTODIAN COMPANY LIMITED (FORMERLY: MCB FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED) - TRUSTEE	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)	
	Remuneration payable	8.1	240	73	
	Sales tax on remuneration payable	8.2	31	9	
			271	82	

8.1 The Trustee is entitled to monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed. The Fund has charged Trustee Fee according to the following tariff:

	Rupees in '000					
Particular	Net assets up to				Net assets exceeding	
	100,000	1,500,000	4,000,000	6,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
Trustee Fee on a monthly basis	50	50	75	150	300	500

8.2 During the year, an amount of Rs. 0.365 million (2021: Rs. 0.117 million) was charged on account of sales tax on remuneration of the Trustee levied through the Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 and an amount of Rs. 0.343 million (2021: Rs.0.126 million) was paid to the Trustee which acts as a collecting agent.

9	PAYABLE TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN (SECP)	Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)	
	Annual fee	9.1	1,341	478	

9.1 In accordance with the NBFC Regulations, a Collective Investment Scheme (CIS) is required to pay annual fee to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

In accordance with SRO No. 685(I)/2019 dated June 28, 2019 issued by SECP, the Fund has charged SECP fee at the rate of 0.02% (2021: 0.02%) of the net assets during the year.

2	June 30, 2021
tupees	iii 000)
_	12,614
,933	11,933
10	8,575
22	24
466	463
<sup>7</sup> ,132	-
34	31
69	20
,666	33,660
1	22 466 7,132 34

10 1 As a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution of Pakistan, in May 2015 the Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund Act, 2014 (SWWF Act) had been passed by the Government of Sindh as a result of which every industrial establishment located in the Province of Sindh, the total income of which in any accounting year is not less than Rs 0.50 million, is required to pay Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) in respect of that year a sum equal to two percent of such income. The matter was taken up by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) with the Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) collectively on behalf of various asset management companies and their CISs whereby it was contested that mutual funds should be excluded from the ambit of SWWF Act as these were not industrial establishments but were pass-through investment vehicles and did not employ workers. The SRB held that mutual funds were included in the definition of financial institutions as per the Financial Institution (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 and were, hence, required to register and pay SWWF under the SWWF Act. Thereafter, MUFAP had taken up the matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry to have CISs / mutual funds excluded from the applicability of SWWF. In view of the above developments regarding the applicability of SWWF on CISs / mutual funds, MUFAP had recommended that as a matter of abundant caution provision in respect of SWWF should be made on a prudent basis with effect from the date of enactment of the Sindh WWF Act, 2014 (i.e. starting from May 21, 2015). The Funds had accordingly made provision in respect of SWWF as recommended by MUFAP.

During the current year, SRB through its letter dated August 12, 2021 intimated MUFAP that the mutual funds do not qualify as Financial Institutions / Industrial Establishments and are therefore, not liable to pay the SWWF contributions. This development was discussed at MUFAP level and was also taken up with the SECP and all the Asset Management Companies, in consultation with the SECP, have reversed the cumulative provision for SWWF recognised in the financial statements of the Funds, for the period from May 21, 2015 to August 12, 2021, on August 13, 2021. The SECP also gave its concurrence for prospective reversal of provision for SWWF. Going forward, no provision for SWWF has been recognised in the financial statements of the Fund.

The Finance Act, 2013 enlarged the scope of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on financial services to include Asset Management Companies (AMCs) as a result of which FED at the rate of 16 percent on the remuneration of the Management Company and sales load was applicable with effect from June 13, 2013. The Management Company was of the view that since the remuneration was already subject to provincial sales tax, further levy of FED would result in double taxation which did not appear to be the spirit of the law. Hence, on September 4, 2013 a constitutional petition was filed with the Sindh High Court (SHC) by the Management Company together with various other asset management companies challenging the levy of FED.

With effect from July 1, 2016, FED on services provided or rendered by non-banking financial institutions dealing in services which are subject to provincial sales tax has been withdrawn by the Finance Act, 2016.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the SHC passed an order whereby all notices, proceedings taken or pending, orders made, duty recovered or actions taken under the Federal Excise Act, 2005 in respect of the rendering or providing of services (to the extent as challenged in any relevant petition) were set aside. In response to this, the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue has filed a Civil Petition for leave to appeal in the Supreme Court of Pakistan which is pending adjudication.

In view of the above, the Fund has discontinued making further provision in respect of FED on remuneration of the Management Company with effect from July 01, 2016. However, as a matter of abundant caution the provision for FED made for the period from June 13, 2013 till June 30, 2016 amounting to Rs 11.93 million is being retained in these financial statements of the Fund as the matter is pending before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Had the provision for FED not been made, the net asset value of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 would have been higher by Re 0.11 (2021: Re 0.19) per unit.

#### 11 **CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

There were no contingencies and commitments outstanding as at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021

		For the year	ar ended		
		June 30,	June 30,		
		2022	2021		
12	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	(Rupees in '000)			
	Annual audit fee	250	250		
	Half yearly review fee	131	131		
	Other certification and services	50	50		
	Out of pocket expenses and other taxes	125	209		
		556	640		

#### 13 **TAXATION**

The income of the Fund is exempt from income tax under clause (99) of part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realised or unrealised, is distributed amongst the unit holders as cash dividend. Furthermore, as per Regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, the Fund is required to distribute not less than 90% of its accounting income for the year derived from sources other than capital gains as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable thereon to the unit holders. Since the management has distributed the required minimum percentage of income earned by the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2022 to the unit holders in the manner as explained above, no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statements during the year.

The Fund is also exempt from the provisions of Section 113 (minimum tax) under clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

		Note	June 30, 2022 (Rupees	June 30, 2021 in '000)
14	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Deposit accounts	4	5,628,534	3,141,801
	Current account	4	19	20
			5,628,553	3,141,821

#### **TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO** 15

The Total Expense Ratio (TER) of the Fund as at June 30, 2022 is 0.36% which includes 0.05% representing government levies on the Fund such as provision for sales taxes, annual fee to the SECP, etc. The prescribed limit for the ratio is 2% under the NBFC Regulations for a collective investment scheme categorised as money market scheme.

#### TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OUTSTANDING WITH CONNECTED PERSONS / OTHER RELATED PARTIES 16

Related parties / connected persons of the Fund include the Management Company, other collective investment schemes managed by the Management Company, MCB Bank Limited being the Holding Company of the Management Company, the Trustee, directors, key management personnel and other associated undertakings and connected persons. Connected persons also include any person beneficially owing directly or indirectly 10% or more of the units in the issue / net assets of the Fund.

Transactions with connected persons essentially comprise sale and redemption of units, fee on account of managing the affairs of the Fund, other charges, sale and purchase of investments and distribution payments to connected persons. The transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business, at contracted rates and at terms determined in accordance with market rates.

Remuneration to the Management Company of the Fund is determined in accordance with the provisions of the NBFC Regulations and Trust Deed.

Remuneration to the Trustee of the Fund is determined in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed.

Details of transactions and balances at year end with related parties / connected persons are as follows:

16.1	Details of transactions with connected persons are as follows:	For the ye	ar ended
		June 30,	June 30,
		2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
	MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investment Limited - Management Company		
	Remuneration (including indirect taxes)	15,415	3,677
	Allocated expenses	22	1,164
	Group / associated companies		
	MCB Bank Limited		
	Mark-up on bank deposits	439	423
	Bank charges	21	11
	Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee		
	Remuneration (including indirect taxes)	3,175	1,017
	Arif Habib Limited - Brokerage House*		
	Brokerage and Settlement Charges	71	-

<sup>\*</sup> The amount disclosed represents the amount of brokerage paid / payable to connected persons and not the purchase or sale value of securities transacted through them. The purchase or sale value has not been treated as transactions with connected persons as the ultimate counter parties are not connected persons.

16.2	Amounts outstanding at year end	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
		(Rupees i	
	MCB Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited	( ) [	,
	Remuneration payable	2,507	193
	Sales tax on remuneration payable	326	25
	Payable against allocated expenses	_	62
	Sale load payable	_	25
	Selling and marketing payable	73	-
	Group / associated companies		
	MCB Bank Limited		
	Balances with bank	5,565	2,747
	Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee		
	Remuneration payable	240	73
	Sales tax on remuneration payable	31	9

## 16.3 Transactions during the period with connected persons / related parties in units of the Fund:

	June 30, 2022							
	As at July 01, 2021	Issued for cash	Redeemed	As at June 30, 2022	As at July 01, 2021	Issued for cash	Redeemed	As at June 30, 2022
		Un	its			(Rupees	in '000)	
Associated company								
MCB Arif Habib savings and investments Limited	-	8,673,063	8,673,063	-	-	437,710	437,710	-
Security General Insurance Company Limited	-	14,032,705	14,021,590	11,115	-	708,200	707,639	561
Adamjee Insurance Co.Ltd. Employees Gratuity								
Fund	-	670,977	670,977	-	-	33,863	33,863	-
Adamjee Insurance Co.Ltd Employees Provident								
Fund	-	1,337,966	1,337,966	-	-	67,524	67,524	-
Nishat Paper Products Company Limited Staff								
Provident Fund Trust	-	372,390	372,390	-	-	18,794	18,794	-
Security General Insurance Co. Ltd.				-				
Employees Provident Fund Trust	-	179,320	-	179,320		9,050	-	9,050
Adamjee Insurance Co. Ltd.	-	21,884,840	21,884,840	-		1,104,480	1,104,480	-
Key management personnel *	-	417,047	417,047	-	-	21,060	21,063	-
Mandate under discretionary portfolio								
services*	-	11,203,412	7,770,073	3,433,339	4,960	565,785	392,938	173,273
Unit holders holding 10% or more units*	-	67,326,510	52,365,495	14,961,015	-	3,397,821	2,642,771	755,050

<sup>\*</sup> This reflects the position of related party / connected person status as at June 30, 2022

		June 30, 2021						
	As at July 01, 2020	Issued for cash	Redeemed	As at June 30, 2021	As at July 01, 2020	Issued for cash	Redeemed	As at June 30, 2021
		Un	its			(Rupees	in '000)	
Associated company MCB Arif Habib savings and investments Limited Hyundai Nishat Motors Private Limited Employees	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-
provident fund	44,239	2,109	46,348	-	2,229	106	2,378	-
Key management personnel *	-	12,999	12,999	-	-	4,921	4,954	-
Mandate under discretionary portfolio services	-	38,971,347	38,873,068	98,279	2,229	2,017,965	2,016,264	4,960
Unit holders holding 10% or more units *	-	48,291,277	28,963,985	19,327,292	-	2,438,838	1,481,818	975,406

<sup>\*</sup> This reflects the position of related party / connected person status as at June 30, 2021

## EINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY			
		June 30, 2022	
	At Amortised cost	Asset classified at fair value through profit or loss	Total
		(Rupees in '000)	
Assets Balances with banks Profit on bank deposits	5,628,554 100,264 5,728,818	- - -	5,628,554 100,264 5,728,818
		June 30, 2022	
	At fair value through profit or loss	At Amortised cost	Total
		(Rupees in '000)	
Liabilities Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company	-	2,906	2,906
Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited- Trustee Accrued and other liabilities	- - -	271 7,723 10,900	271 7,723 10,900
		Jan 20 2024	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	At Amortised cost	June 30, 2021  Asset classified at fair value through profit or loss	Total
•		(Rupees in '000)	
Assets Balances with banks Profit on bank deposits	3,141,821 10,934		3,141,821 10,934
	3,152,755		3,152,755
		June 30, 2021	
	At fair value through profit or loss	At Amortised cost	Total
		(Rupees in '000)	
Liabilities Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Limited - Management Company	-	305	305
Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee	-	82	82
Accrued and other liabilities		538 925	538 925
		923	925

#### 18 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of unit holders' value. Risk is inherent in the Fund's activities, but it is managed through monitoring and controlling activities which are primarily set up to be performed based on limits established by the Management Company, the constitutive documents of the Fund and the regulations and directives of the SECP. These limits reflect the business strategy and market environment of the Fund as well as the level of the risk that the Fund is willing to accept. The Board of Directors of the Management Company supervises the overall risk management approach within the Fund. The Fund is exposed to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk arising from the financial instruments it holds.

#### 18.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines provided by the Board of Directors and regulations laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003 (the Rules).

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

## 18.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in Pakistani Rupees.

### 18.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2022, the Fund is exposed to such risk on its balances with banks.

## a) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

As of June 30, 2022, the Fund held interest based balances with banks which expose the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in interest rate on the last repricing date of these balances, with all other variables held constant, net assets value of the Fund and the net income for the year would have been higher / lower by Rs. 56.285 million (2021: Rs. 31.418 million).

## b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

As at June 30, 2022, the Fund does not hold any fixed rate investment which expose the fund to interest rate risk.

The interest rate sensitivity related to financial assets and financial liabilities as at June 30, 2022 can be defined as follows:

June 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022					
		Exposed	to yield / interes	t rate risk		
	Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year	Not exposed to yield / interest risk	Total
•				(Rupees in '00	0)	
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
Financial assets						
Balances with banks	5.50% to 21%	5,628,535	-	-	19	5,628,554
Profit on bank deposits		-	-	-	100,264	100,264
		5,628,535	-	-	100,283	5,728,818
Financial liabilities						
Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Compa	nv	_	-	1	2,906	2,906
Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited	,	-	_	-	271	271
Accrued and other liabilities		-	-	-	7,723	7,723
		-	=	-	10,900	10,900
On-balance sheet gap (a)		5,628,535	-	-	89,383	5,717,918
Off-balance sheet financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap (b)		_	-	-	-	-
Total profit rate sensitivity gap (a+b)		5,628,535	-	-	ı	
Cumulative profit rate sensitivity gap		5,628,535	5,628,535	5,628,535	1	

			June 30,	2021		
		Exposed	to yield / interes	t rate risk		
	Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year	Not exposed to yield / interest risk	Total
				(Rupees in '00	0)	
On-balance sheet financial instruments						
	5.50% to 7.85%	3,141,801	-	-	20	3,141,821
Profit on bank deposits		-	-	-	10,934	10,934
Financial liabilities Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Compar Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited Accrued and other liabilities	•	3,141,801	- - - -	- - - -	305 82 538 925	3,152,755 305 82 538 925
On-balance sheet gap (a)		3,141,801	-	-	10,029	3,151,830
Off-balance sheet financial instruments		-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap (b)			-	-	-	-
Total profit rate sensitivity gap (a+b)		3,141,801	-	-		
Cumulative profit rate sensitivity gap		3,141,801	3,141,801	3,141,801	•	

### 18.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The fund does not hold any financial instrument which exposes the Fund to price risk.

#### 18.2 Credit risk

Balances with banks Profit on bank deposits

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge its obligation as it falls due. The table below analyses the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk:

The credit risk on the Fund is limited because the counterparties are financial institutions with reasonably high credit ratings. Investments in market treasury bills are Government backed and hence considered as secured.

The Fund has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties, and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. This information is supplied by independent rating agencies, where available, and if not available, the Fund uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Fund's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by financial department in accordance with the Fund's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risk and therefore mitigate financial loss through potential counterparty failure.

The table below analyses the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk:

20	22	2021		
Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk	Balance as per statement of assets and liabilities	Maximum exposure to credit risk	
5,628,554	5,628,554	3,141,821	3,141,821	
100,264 5,728,818	100,264 5,728,818	10,934 3,152,755	10,934 3,152,755	

Details of credit rating of balances with banks as at June 30, are as follows:

	2022	2021
Bank balances by rating category	9	′o
AAA	99.96	99.92
AA+	0.04	0.08
	100.00	100.00

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancement as at June 30, 2022 is the carrying amount of the financial assets. None of these assets are impaired nor past due.

## Concentration of credit risk

Concentration is the relative sensitivity of the Fund's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location. Concentration of risks arise when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions.

All of the Fund's concentration of credit risk at the end of financial year 2022 and 2021 are with commercial banks.

### Settlement risk

The Fund's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of an entity to honour its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed.

For the vast majority of transactions the Fund mitigates this risk by conducting settlements through a broker to ensure that a trade is settled only when both parties have fulfilled their contractual settlement obligations.

#### 18.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligation in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous to the Fund.

The Fund is exposed to daily redemptions at the option of unit holders. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions. The Fund's policy is, therefore, to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed and are considered readily realisable.

As per the NBFC Regulations, the Fund can borrow in the short-term to ensure settlement the maximum limit of which is fifteen percent of the net assets upto 90 days and would be secured by the assets of the Fund.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund also has the ability to withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units in issue. The Fund did not withhold any redemptions during the year.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. The maturity profile of the Fund's liabilities based on contractual maturities is given below:

More than one   More than   More than   Financial   month and   three months   one year   More than   instruments   wear   five years   with no fixed   maturity	June 30, 2022										
months your invoyours industry	Within 1	month and	three months	one year		instruments	Total				

### Financial liabilities

Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee Accrued and other liabilities

2.906	-	-	-	-	-	2,906
,						,
271	-	-	-	-	-	271
7 700						7 700
7,723	-	-	-	-	-	7,723
10,900	-	-	-	-	-	10,900
	2,906 271 7,723 <b>10,900</b>	271 - 7,723 -	271 7,723	271 7,723	271 7,723	271 7,723

			June 30, 2021				
Within 1 month	More than one month and upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than one year and upto five years	More than 5 years	Financial instruments with no fixed maturity	Total	
Rupees in '000							
			upoco iii oco				
305	-	-	-	-	-	305	
						-	
82	-	-	-	-	-	82	
538	-	-	-	-	-	538	
925	-	-	-	-	-	925	

#### Financial liabilities

Payable to MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company Payable to Digital Custodian Company Limited - Trustee Accrued and other liabilities

#### 19. **FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the statement of assets and liabilities date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities is considered not to be significantly different from the respective book values.

#### 19.1 Fair value hierarchy

International Financial Reporting Standard 13, 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the Fund to classify assets using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

As at June 30, 2022, the Fund does not hold any financial instruments measured at fair values.

#### 20. **TOTAL DISTRIBUTION**

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Management Company on behalf of the Fund, has distributed Rs. 91.916 million and Rs. 60.713 million as dividend on September 14, 2021 and October 12, 2021, respectively .Subsequently, in accordance with an amendment in clause 5.1 of of the Offering Document, The Fund has distributed and reinvested dividend on a daily basis. The amendment was made effective from October 13, 2021.

June 30, 2022								
Declaration date	Rate per unit	Refund of	Distribution	Total				
Deciaration date	capital		from income	distribution				
			(Rupees in '000)					
September 14, 2021	1.0029	45,851	46,065	91,916				
October 12, 2021	0.3133	5,892	54,821	60,713				
From October 13, 2021 to June 30, 2022 ***	3.9100	-	585,604	585,604				
		51,743	686,490	738,233				

The fund is required to distribute dividend on a daily basis on each business day, after aforementioned amendment. The cumulative distribution on per unit for the period from October ,13 2021 to June 30, 2022 amounted to Rs: 3,9031 per unit.

		From Octo	ber 13, 2021	to June 30, 2022			
	Payout		Payout		Payout		Payout
Payout date	per unit	Payout date	per unit	Payout date	per unit	Payout date	per unit
	Rupees		Rupees		Rupees		Rupees
October 13, 2021	0.0101	December 17, 2021	0.0200	February 20, 2022	- 0.0420	April 27, 2022	0.0145 0.0049
October 14, 2021 October 15, 2021	0.0105 0.0080	December 18, 2021 December 19, 2021	0.0200 0.0200	February 21, 2022 February 22, 2022	0.0128 0.0138	April 28, 2022 April 29, 2022	0.0049
October 16, 2021	0.0000	December 20, 2021	0.0200	February 23, 2022	0.0133	April 30, 2022	0.0110
October 17, 2021	0.0104	December 21, 2021	0.0200	February 24, 2022	0.0084	May 1, 2022	0.0187
October 18, 2021	0.0082	December 22, 2021	0.0200	February 25, 2022	0.0131	May 2, 2022	0.0187
October 19, 2021	0.0087	December 23, 2021	0.0200	February 26, 2022	0.0138	May 3, 2022	0.0186
October 20, 2021	0.0088	December 24, 2021	0.0200	February 27, 2022	0.0138	May 4, 2022	0.0186
October 21, 2021	0.0029	December 25, 2021	0.0200	February 28, 2022	0.0123	May 5, 2022	0.0186
October 22, 2021	0.0100	December 26, 2021	0.0200	March 1, 2022	0.0141	May 6, 2022	0.0146
October 23, 2021	0.0110	December 27, 2021	0.0200	March 2, 2022	0.0125	May 7, 2022	0.0189
October 24, 2021	0.0109	December 28, 2021	0.0200	March 3, 2022	0.0116	May 8, 2022	0.0188
October 25, 2021	0.0086	December 29, 2021	0.0200	March 5, 2022	0.0133	May 9, 2022	0.0173
October 26, 2021 October 27, 2021	0.0101 0.0108	December 30, 2021 December 31, 2021	0.0200 0.0200	March 5, 2022 March 6, 2022	0.0138 0.0138	May 10, 2022 May 11, 2022	0.0163 0.0160
October 28, 2021	0.0106	January 1, 2022	0.0200	March 8, 2022	0.0138	May 12, 2022	0.0163
October 29, 2021	0.0081	January 2, 2022	0.0200	March 9, 2022	0.0150	May 13, 2022	0.0177
October 30, 2021	0.0106	January 3, 2022	0.0200	March 10, 2022	0.0159	May 14, 2022	0.0187
October 31, 2021	0.0106	January 4, 2022	0.0200	March 11, 2022	0.0157	May 15, 2022	0.0186
November 1, 2021	0.0105	January 5, 2022	0.0100	March 12, 2022	0.0158	May 16, 2022	0.0127
November 2, 2021	0.0105	January 6, 2022	0.0100	March 13, 2022	0.0158	May 17, 2022	0.0187
November 3, 2021	0.0106	January 7, 2022	0.0200	March 14, 2022	0.0158	May 18, 2022	0.0174
November 4, 2021	0.0105	January 8, 2022	0.0100	March 15, 2022	0.0158	May 19, 2022	0.0248
November 5, 2021	0.0105	January 9, 2022	0.0100	March 16, 2022	0.0158	May 20, 2022	0.0177
November 6, 2021	0.0104	January 10, 2022	0.0200	March 17, 2022	0.0161	May 21, 2022	0.0182
November 7, 2021 November 8, 2021	0.0104 0.0109	January 11, 2022 January 12, 2022	0.0200 0.0200	March 18, 2022 March 19, 2022	0.0161 0.0161	May 22, 2022 May 23, 2022	0.0181 0.0136
November 9, 2021	0.0109	January 13, 2022	0.0200	March 20, 2022	0.0161	May 24, 2022	0.0136
November 10, 2021	0.0103	January 14, 2022	0.0100	March 21, 2022	0.0161	May 25, 2022	0.0187
November 11, 2021	0.0104	January 15, 2022	0.0100	March 22, 2022	0.0161	May 26, 2022	0.0194
November 12, 2021	0.0105	January 16, 2022	0.0100	March 23, 2022	0.0161	May 27, 2022	0.0192
November 13, 2021	0.0104	January 17, 2022	0.0200	March 24, 2022	0.0163	May 28, 2022	0.0192
November 14, 2021	0.0104	January 18, 2022	0.0200	March 25, 2022	0.0173	May 29, 2022	0.0194
November 15, 2021	0.0102	January 19, 2022	0.0100	March 26, 2022	0.0173	May 30, 2022	0.0194
November 16, 2021	0.0104	January 20, 2022	0.0100	March 27, 2022	0.0213	May 31, 2022	0.0194
November 17, 2021	0.0100	January 21, 2022	0.0100	March 28, 2022	0.0167	June 1, 2022	0.0194
November 18, 2021	0.0102	January 22, 2022	0.0100	March 29, 2022	0.0167	June 2, 2022	0.0195
November 19, 2021 November 20, 2021	0.0098 0.0107	January 23, 2022 January 24, 2022	0.0100 0.0100	March 30, 2022 March 31, 2022	0.0168 0.0183	June 3, 2022 June 4, 2022	0.0195 0.0195
November 21, 2021	0.0107	January 25, 2022	0.0100	April 1, 2022	0.0183	June 5, 2022	0.0195
November 22, 2021	0.0087	January 26, 2022	0.0200	April 2, 2022	0.0132	June 6, 2022	0.0194
November 23, 2021	0.0123	January 27, 2022	0.0200	April 3, 2022	0.0132	June 7, 2022	0.0195
November 24, 2021	0.0124	January 28, 2022	0.0100	April 4, 2022	0.0132	June 8, 2022	0.0195
November 25, 2021	0.0125	January 29, 2022	0.0100	April 5, 2022	0.0136	June 9, 2022	0.0194
November 26, 2021	0.0123	January 30, 2022	0.0100	April 6, 2022	0.0135	June 10, 2022	0.0193
November 27, 2021	0.0124	January 31, 2022	0.0100	April 7, 2022	0.0141	June 11, 2022	0.0194
November 28, 2021	0.0124	February 1, 2022	0.0100	April 8, 2022	0.0208	June 12, 2022	0.0194
November 29, 2021	0.0124	February 2, 2022	0.0100	April 9, 2022	0.0166	June 13, 2022	0.0194
November 30, 2021	0.0124	February 3, 2022	0.0200	April 10, 2022	0.0166	June 14, 2022	0.0194
December 1, 2021 December 2, 2021	0.0124	February 4, 2022	0.0200	April 11, 2022	0.0168	June 15, 2022	0.0194 0.0194
December 3, 2021	0.0125 0.0125	February 5, 2022 February 6, 2022	0.0100 0.0100	April 12, 2022 April 13, 2022	0.0155 0.0148	June 16, 2022 June 17, 2022	0.0194
December 4, 2021	0.0124	February 7, 2022	0.0100	April 14, 2022	0.0111	June 18, 2022	0.0194
December 5, 2021	0.0124	February 8, 2022	0.0100	April 15, 2022	0.0160	June 19, 2022	0.0194
December 6, 2021	0.0117	February 9, 2022	0.0100	April 16, 2022	0.0161	June 20, 2022	0.0227
December 7, 2021	0.0126	February 10, 2022	0.0100	April 17, 2022	0.0174	June 21, 2022	0.0227
December 8, 2021	0.0127	February 11, 2022	0.0100	April 18, 2022	0.0171	June 22, 2022	0.0227
December 9, 2021	0.0127	February 12, 2022	0.0100	April 19, 2022	0.0172	June 23, 2022	0.0227
December 10, 2021	0.0126	February 13, 2022	0.0100	April 20, 2022	0.0172	June 24, 2022	0.0228
December 11, 2021	0.0126	February 14, 2022	0.0100	April 21, 2022	-	June 25, 2022	0.0227
December 12, 2021	0.0126	February 15, 2022	0.0100	April 22, 2022	0.0140	June 26, 2022	0.0227
December 13, 2021	0.0141	February 16, 2022	0.0100	April 23, 2022	0.0166	June 27, 2022	0.0229
December 14, 2021 December 15, 2021	0.0139 0.0155	February 17, 2022	0.0100 0.0100	April 24, 2022	0.0160 0.0186	June 28, 2022	0.0227
December 15, 2021 December 16, 2021	0.0155	February 18, 2022 February 19, 2022	0.0100	April 25, 2022 April 26, 2022	0.0186	June 29, 2022 June 30, 2022	0.0227 0.0742
20001110GI 10, 2021		1 Cordary 13, 2022		, ipi ii 20, 2022		Julio 00, 2022	
	0.7145		0.9500		0.9602		1.2784

## 21 UNIT HOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The unit holders' fund is represented by redeemable units. These units are entitled to dividends and to payment of their proportionate share of the Fund's Net Asset Value per unit on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the 'Statement of Movement in unit holders' Fund'.

The Fund has no restriction on the subscription and redemption of units. As required under the NBFC Regulations, every open end scheme shall maintain fund size (i.e. net assets of the Fund) of Rs 100 million at all times during the life of the scheme. The Fund has historically maintained and complied with the requirements of minimum fund size at all times.

The Fund's objectives when managing unit holders' funds are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns to the unit holders and to maintain a strong base of assets to meet unexpected losses or opportunities.

In accordance with the risk management policies as stated in note 18, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investment avenues while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemptions, such liquidity being augmented by disposal of investments or short-term borrowings, where necessary.

## 22 PATTERN OF UNITHOLDING

23

Details of pattern of unitholding		June 30,	2022	
	Number of unit holders	Number of units held	Investment amount	Percentage of total investments
			(Rupees in '000	)
Individual	290 3	6,833,460	344,870	6.04% 0.46%
Insurance Companies Retirement Fund	3 27	518,762 20,539,901	26,181 1,036,604	18.17%
Associated Company	2	190,435	9,611	0.17%
Others	116	84,965,092	4,288,000	75.16%
	438	113,047,650	5,705,266	100%
		June 3	0, 2021	
	Number of unit holders	Number of units held	Investment amount	Percentage of total investments
			(Rupees in '000	)
Individuals	309	21,835,294	1,101,979	35.34%
Insurance companies	1	8,579	433	0.01%
Retirement funds	7	1,474,441	74,412	2.39%
Others	18	38,475,909	1,941,792	62.26%
	335	61,794,223	3,118,616	100.00%

TOI	P TEN BROKERS / DEALERS BY PERCENTAGE OF COMMISSION PAID*	June 30, 2022 Percentage
1	Icon Management Private Ltd	20.78%
2	Continental Exchange Pvt.	20.69%
3	Invest One Markets Private	19.28%
4	Arif Habib Limited	17.56%
5	Paramount Capital Pvt Limited	6.23%
6	C And M Management Private	5.17%
7	Bipl Securities Limited	3.11%
8	Summit Capital Private Limited	2.81%
9	Icon Securitites Private Ltd	2.72%
10	Currency Market Assocate	1.41%

\* The top 10 brokers are listed for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the fund has only used five brokers during the year ended June 30, 2021.

		June 30, 2021
		Percentage
1	BIPL Securities Limited	38.06%
2	C And M Management Private limited	20.95%
3	Pearl Securities Limited	20.36%
4	Invest One Markets Limited	18.63%
5	Optimus Market Private Limited	2.00%

#### 24 ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th and 176th meeting of the Board of Directors were held on August 9, 2021, September 15, 2021, October 18, 2021, October 22, 2021, February 3, 2022, February 08, 2022, March 10, 2022, April 13, 2022, May 04, 2022 respectively. Information in respect of attendance by the directors and other persons in the meetings is given below

Name of navono attending the		Number of	Numb	Number of meetings  Attendance required		Mostings Not
Name of persons attending the meetings	Designation	meetings held				Attended
Mr. Haroun Rashid	Chairman	9	9	8	1	176th
Mr. Nasim Beg	Vice Chairman	9	9	9	-	-
Mr. Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	9	9	9	-	-
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Director	9	9	8	1	170th
Mr. Mirza Qamar Beg	Director	9	9	9	-	-
Syed Savail Meekal Hussain	Director	9	9	8	1	169th
Mr. Kashif A. Habib	Director	9	9	7	2	169th and176th
Ms. Mavra Adil Khan	Director	9	9	7	2	168th and 170th

#### PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND FUND MANAGER 25

Details of members of investment committee of the Fund are as follows:

S. No.	Name	Designation	Qualification	Experience in years
1	Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	FCCA, FCA	24.5
2	Muhammad Asim	Chief Investment Officer	MBA, CFA	19
3	Awais Abdul Sattar	Portfolio Manager Equities	MBA, CFA	11
4	Jawad Naeem	Head of Islamic Equity	MBA Finance & CFA Level 1	14
5	Saad Ahmed	Head Of Fixed Income	MBA	16
6	Syed Abid Ali	Head Of Equities	MBA	14
7	Syed Mohammad Usama Iqbal	Fund Manager	Graduate	18

Mr. Saad Ahmed is the Manager of the Fund as at year end. Other funds being managed by him are as follows:

- MCB Cash Management Optimizer;
- MCB DCF Income Fund;
- MCB Pakistan Sovereign Fund;
- Pakistan Income Enhancement Fund;
- Alhamra Daily Dividend Fund.
- MCB Pakistan Fixed Return Fund.

#### 26 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorised for issue on August 15 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees unless otherwise specified.

27

27.1

**GENERAL** 

	For MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company)	
M. Jari Jak.	Andli	min
Chief Executive Officer	Chief Financial Officer	Director

# PATTERN OF UNITS HOLDING BY SIZE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

No. of Unit Holders	Unit holdings	Total units held
224	A. 001-10,000	9,557
53	B. 10,001 – 100,000	33,237
69	C. 100,001 – 1000,000	575,452
91	D. 1000,001 & Above	112,429,403
437	<del>-</del>	113,047,650

# PERFORMANCE TABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Performance Information	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million	5,705.2660	3,118.6164	3,693.2747	189.5840	889.0000
Net Assets value per unit – Rupees	50.4678	50.4678	50.3843	50.3639	52.6287
Closing Offer Price	51.0381	51.0381	50.9536	50.3639	52.6287
Closing Repurchase Price	50.4678	50.4678	50.8343	50.3639	52.6287
Highest offer price per unit	52.0410	52.8395	54.7626	54.5424	52.6287
Lowest offer price per unit	51.0370	50.4091	50.3777	50.3119	50.2859
Highest Redemption price per unit	51.4595	52.2491	54.1507	53.9811	52.6287
Lowest Redemption price per unit	50.4667	50.4091	50.3639	50.3119	50.2859
Distribution per unit – Rs. *	9.1293	3.3605	2.0664	5.8718	
Average Annual Return - %					
One year	10.87	6.98	12.02	7.48	4.67
Two year	8.93	9.50	9.75	6.08	6.51
Three year	9.96	8.83	8.06	6.83	6.30
Net Income for the year – Rs. in million	686.4900	162.1820	344.0410	20.3020	32.9496
Distribution made during the year – Rs. in million	701.3390	157.8310	332.1450	30.1040	-
Accumulated Capital Growth – Rs. in million	(14.8490)	4.3510	11.8960	(32.0210)	32.9496
Weighted average Portfolio Duration (days)	1.00	1.00	1.00	41.00	1.00

## \* Date of Distribution

_			
2022		2020	
Date	Rate	Date	Rate
14-Sep-21	1.0029	7-Feb-20	3.8058
12-Oct-21	0.3133	26-Jun-20	2.0664
From October 13, 2021	3.9100		
to June 30, 2022	3.9100	2019	
		Date	Rate
	•	30-Jun-19	3.7038
2021		4-Jul-18	2.1680
Date	Rate		
22-Jul-20	0.1882	2018	
9-Feb-21	1.8741	Date	Rate
15-Mar-21	0.3194	1	Vil
22-Jun-21	0.9788		

2021					
Date	Rate	Date	Rate		
13-Oct-21	0.0101	1-Mar-22	0.0141		
14-Oct-21	0.0105	2-Mar-22	0.0125		
15-Oct-21	0.008	3-Mar-22	0.0116		
16-Oct-21	0.0104	4-Mar-22	0.0133		
17-Oct-21	0.0104	5-Mar-22	0.0138		
18-Oct-21	0.0082	6-Mar-22	0.0138		
19-Oct-21	0.0087	8-Mar-22	0.0127		
20-Oct-21	0.0088	9-Mar-22	0.015		
21-Oct-21	0.0029	10-Mar-22	0.0159		
22-Oct-21	0.01	11-Mar-22	0.0157		
23-Oct-21	0.011	12-Mar-22	0.0158		
24-Oct-21	0.0109	13-Mar-22	0.0158		
25-Oct-21	0.0086	14-Mar-22	0.0158		
26-Oct-21	0.0101	15-Mar-22	0.0158		
27-Oct-21	0.0108	16-Mar-22	0.0158		
28-Oct-21	0.0106	17-Mar-22	0.0161		
29-Oct-21	0.0081	18-Mar-22	0.0161		
30-Oct-21	0.0106	19-Mar-22	0.0161		
31-Oct-21	0.0106	20-Mar-22	0.0161		
1-Nov-21	0.0105	21-Mar-22	0.0161		
2-Nov-21	0.0105	22-Mar-22	0.0161		
3-Nov-21	0.0106	23-Mar-22	0.0161		
4-Nov-21	0.0105	24-Mar-22	0.0163		
5-Nov-21	0.0105	25-Mar-22	0.0173		
6-Nov-21	0.0104	26-Mar-22	0.0173		
7-Nov-21	0.0104	27-Mar-22	0.0213		
8-Nov-21	0.0109	28-Mar-22	0.0167		
9-Nov-21	0.0103	29-Mar-22	0.0167		

# PERFORMANCE TABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2021		
Date	Rate	Date	Rate
10-Nov-21	0.0104	30-Mar-22	0.0168
11-Nov-21	0.0104	31-Mar-22	0.0183
12-Nov-21	0.0105	1-Apr-22	0.0132
13-Nov-21	0.0104	2-Apr-22	0.0132
14-Nov-21 15-Nov-21	0.0104 0.0102	3-Apr-22 4-Apr-22	0.0132 0.0132
16-Nov-21	0.0104	5-Apr-22	0.0136
17-Nov-21	0.01	6-Apr-22	0.0135
18-Nov-21	0.0102	7-Apr-22	0.0141
19-Nov-21	0.0098	8-Apr-22	0.0208
20-Nov-21	0.0107	9-Apr-22	0.0166
21-Nov-21 22-Nov-21	0.0106 0.0087	10-Apr-22 11-Apr-22	0.0166 0.0168
23-Nov-21	0.0123	12-Apr-22	0.0155
24-Nov-21	0.0124	13-Apr-22	0.0148
25-Nov-21	0.0125	14-Apr-22	0.0111
26-Nov-21	0.0123	15-Apr-22	0.016
27-Nov-21	0.0124	16-Apr-22	0.0161
28-Nov-21	0.0124	17-Apr-22	0.0174
29-Nov-21 30-Nov-21	0.0124 0.0124	18-Apr-22 19-Apr-22	0.0171 0.0172
1-Dec-21	0.0124	20-Apr-22	0.0172
2-Dec-21	0.0125	21-Apr-22	0
3-Dec-21	0.0125	22-Apr-22	0.014
4-Dec-21	0.0124	23-Apr-22	0.0166
5-Dec-21	0.0124	24-Apr-22	0.016
6-Dec-21	0.0117	25-Apr-22	0.0186
7-Dec-21	0.0126	26-Apr-22	0.0157 0.0145
8-Dec-21 9-Dec-21	0.0127 0.0127	27-Apr-22 28-Apr-22	0.0145
10-Dec-21	0.0126	29-Apr-22	0.011
11-Dec-21	0.0126	30-Apr-22	0.0182
12-Dec-21	0.0126	1-May-22	0.0187
13-Dec-21	0.0141	2-May-22	0.0187
14-Dec-21	0.0139	3-May-22	0.0186
15-Dec-21 16-Dec-21	0.0155 0.0156	4-May-22	0.0186
17-Dec-21	0.0156	5-May-22 6-May-22	0.0186 0.0146
18-Dec-21	0.0200	7-May-22	0.0140
19-Dec-21	0.0200	8-May-22	0.0188
20-Dec-21	0.0200	9-May-22	0.0173
21-Dec-21	0.0200	10-May-22	0.0163
22-Dec-21	0.0200	11-May-22	0.016
23-Dec-21 24-Dec-21	0.0200 0.0200	12-May-22 13-May-22	0.0163 0.0177
25-Dec-21	0.0200	13-May-22 14-May-22	0.0177
26-Dec-21	0.0200	15-May-22	0.0186
27-Dec-21	0.0200	16-May-22	0.0127
28-Dec-21	0.0200	17-May-22	0.0187
29-Dec-21	0.0200	18-May-22	0.0174
30-Dec-21	0.0200	19-May-22	0.0248
31-Dec-21 1-Jan-22	0.0200	20-May-22 21-May-22	0.0177
2-Jan-22	0.0200 0.0200	21-May-22 22-May-22	0.0182 0.0181
3-Jan-22	0.0200	23-May-22	0.0136
4-Jan-22	0.0200	24-May-22	0.0169
5-Jan-22	0.0100	25-May-22	0.0187
6-Jan-22	0.0100	26-May-22	0.0194
7-Jan-22	0.0200	27-May-22	0.0192
8-Jan-22	0.0100	28-May-22 29-May-22	0.0192
9-Jan-22 10-Jan-22	0.0100 0.0200	29-May-22 30-May-22	0.0194 0.0194
11-Jan-22	0.0200	31-May-22	0.0194
12-Jan-22	0.0200	1-Jun-22	0.0194
13-Jan-22	0.0200	2-Jun-22	0.0195
14-Jan-22	0.0100	3-Jun-22	0.0195
15-Jan-22			
	0.0100	4-Jun-22	0.0195
16-Jan-22 17-Jan-22	0.0100 0.0100 0.0200	4-Jun-22 5-Jun-22 6-Jun-22	0.0195 0.0195 0.0194

# PERFORMANCE TABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

2021						
Date	Rate	Date	Rate			
Date	Rate	Date	Kale			
18-Jan-22	0.0200	7-Jun-22	0.0195			
19-Jan-22	0.0100	8-Jun-22	0.0195			
20-Jan-22	0.0100	9-Jun-22	0.0194			
21-Jan-22	0.0100	10-Jun-22	0.0193			
22-Jan-22	0.0100	11-Jun-22	0.0194			
23-Jan-22	0.0100	12-Jun-22	0.0194			
24-Jan-22	0.0100	13-Jun-22	0.0194			
25-Jan-22	0.0200	14-Jun-22	0.0194			
26-Jan-22	0.0100	15-Jun-22	0.0194			
27-Jan-22	0.0200	16-Jun-22	0.0194			
28-Jan-22	0.0100	17-Jun-22	0.0194			
29-Jan-22	0.0100	18-Jun-22	0.0194			
30-Jan-22	0.0100	19-Jun-22	0.0194			
31-Jan-22	0.0100	20-Jun-22	0.0227			
1-Feb-22	0.0100	21-Jun-22	0.0227			
2-Feb-22	0.0100	22-Jun-22	0.0227			
3-Feb-22	0.0200	23-Jun-22	0.0227			
4-Feb-22	0.0200	24-Jun-22	0.0228			
5-Feb-22	0.0100	25-Jun-22	0.0227			
6-Feb-22	0.0100	26-Jun-22	0.0227			
7-Feb-22	0.0100	27-Jun-22	0.0229			
8-Feb-22	0.0100	28-Jun-22	0.0227			
9-Feb-22	0.0100	29-Jun-22	0.0227			
10-Feb-22	0.0100	30-Jun-22	0.0742			
11-Feb-22	0.0100					
12-Feb-22	0.0100					
13-Feb-22	0.0100					
14-Feb-22	0.0100					
15-Feb-22	0.0100					
16-Feb-22	0.0100					
17-Feb-22	0.0100					
18-Feb-22	0.0100					
19-Feb-22	0.0100					
20-Feb-22	0					
21-Feb-22	0.0128					
22-Feb-22	0.0138					
23-Feb-22	0.0133					
24-Feb-22	0.0084					
25-Feb-22	0.0131					
26-Feb-22	0.0138					
27-Feb-22	0.0138					
28-Feb-22	0.0123					

## Disclaimer

The past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investments and returns may go down, as well as